ESTABLISHED 1818.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 50,193—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1894.

PRICE 8 ANNAS
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fair Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Places of interest along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, the Routes between the Principal Towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.
WITH A COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press

PETER F. HEERING'S
COPENHAGEN
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Sold by all respectable Wine Merchants, by whom the New Show Cards can be obtained on application.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	SATURDAY. 2 P.M.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	13th Oct.
B.I. ORIENTAL	5045	1200	L. Moule	20th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	27th "
B.I. CALEDONIA	7500	2750	W. B. Andrews	3rd Nov.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	10th "
B.I. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	17th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	24th "
B.I. CARTHAGE	5013	1093	M. de Horne	1st Dec.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	8th "
B.I. GANGES	4206	800	T Creery	15th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	22nd "
B.I. ORIENTAL	5045	1200	L. Moule	29th "
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	5th Jan.
B.M. CALEDONIA	7500	2750	W. B. Andrews	12th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	19th "
B.I. PENINSULAR	5100	1000	R. F. Briscoe	26th "
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	2nd Feb.
B.I. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	9th "

The Steamers marked B.I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these Steamers.
The Steamer marked B. M. proceeds to Brindisi and Marseilles only; Not taking Passengers for London by Long Sea route.

Single and return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. & O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. & O Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing, or on the Afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at Noon on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only Hand Packages will be received. The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage correctly labelled with Port of destination.

Passage-tickets are issued to London *via* Japan and Vancouver.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo:—

ROHILLA, 18th October. | RAVENNA, 1st November.
SIAM, 15th November.

In addition to the above, CARGO STEAMERS leave for China and Japan at frequent intervals, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars apply to
I. M. SHIELDS,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 18th Sept., 1894.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,119	750	1st Nov.
IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	4,194	750	1st Dec.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, VENICE Or BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
VINDOBONA	P. Mersa	4,351	350	9th Nov.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To TRIESTE Or VENICE	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.

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By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class	2nd Class
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 900	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1050	Rs. 625

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's, and other Routes.
In connection with the Steamers Tickets the Company issue now Railway Tickets to the Principal Towns of Austria and Germany, as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-deutscher Lloyd" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North and South America, Australia, &c., called at by their vessels.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	A. Fellner	3,878	650	21st Oct.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. POLLUCE to Madras, and Calcutta.
For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
C. ZANELLA,
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Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Oct. 1st, 1894.

STEAMER FOR LAMOO, MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR, DELAGOA BAY, AND PORT NATAL.

BOMBAY and PERSIA S. S. "HUSENI," or "NASERI," will SAIL on SATURDAY, 20th instant. Good Accommodation for Passengers. Reduced Rates. Freight for Cargo, and Passages apply to
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GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without charge and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.
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PASSENGERS met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS. AND SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.
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THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.
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THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.
PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.
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THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,694 tons, on the 13th October, on arrival of In-coming English Mail Steamer.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,694 tons, on the 16th Octr., at 10 a.m., calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* POREBUNDER AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 13th October, at 10 a. m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on the 11th October, at noon, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "MADURA," 1,951 tons, on the 11th October, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR ADEN AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on the 25th October, calling at Aden, Mombassa, and Zanzibar, in the foregoing or any order.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 10th October, 1894. Agents.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.
Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.
Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.
THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.
SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.
PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

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CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

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FREE ON APPLICATION
To TREACHER & CO., LD.

Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
Have just opened a Collection of the MOST PERFECT CYCLES,
Manufactured by the
PREMIER CYCLE COMPANY, LIMITED.
THE LARGEST CYCLE MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD.
The ONLY Firm of ENGLISH CYCLE MANUFACTURERS who have obtained Three Distinct Awards at the WORLD'S FAIR, CHICAGO, 1893, for BICYCLES, TRICYCLES, HELICAL TUBE.
BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES
Of the Newest Patterns.
Of the Latest Improvements.
Of Perfectly Balance Strength.
Of Maximum Speed.
Of Minimum Weight.
THE CHEAPEST AND BEST BUILT CYCLES IN INDIA.
SOLE AGENTS:—
MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
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SULPHATE OF QUININE AND FEBRIFUGE.

SULPHATE of Quinine and Febrifuge manufactured by the Madras Government can be obtained on Pre-payment in one, half and quarter pound tins, from the *Director of the Government Gardens, Ootacamund*, at the following rates per pound:—

QUININE.		FEBRIFUGE.	
Medical Depots	Rs. 14	Rs.	10
Government Officers	" 16	"	10
The Public	" 16	"	12

If the Quinine or Febrifuge is sent by Post, the following extra charges will be made:—One pound tin, 12 annas; half pound tin, 8 annas; quarter pound tin, 4 annas.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S., VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs 5. Horses standing at Livery on Commission Sale Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper; Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-Country Commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broke to single and double harness in the Yard. Single, Rs. 15. Double, Rs. 20. The Horse-Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and very Class of Shoeing is done.

INDIAN INDUSTRY;
Being a Reprint of Two Letters to the "Bombay Gazette,"
And a Lecture by
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Price 8 Annas.
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE.
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta.
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WATERPROOF BILLIARD COVERS.—Indispensable during the Monsoon. May be had of JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

FOUR SOUND WHISKIES.

FINE OLD GLENLIVET.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per doz	Rs. 26 0	Rs. 29 0
Per gallon	" 12 4	" 13 12

HIGHLAND MALT.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per doz	Rs. 28 0	Rs. 31 8
Per gallon	" 13 4	" 14 12

SPECIAL LIQUEUR.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per doz	Rs. 35 0	Rs. 39 0
Per gallon	" 16 12	" 18 12

OLD IRISH.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per doz	Rs. 26 0	Rs. 29 0
Per gallon	" 12 4	" 13 12

A still Further Reduction if taken in 8-gallon Casks.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
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FOR EVENING WEAR.
BLACK, OR DARK BLUE SILK. } Rs. 7-14.

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JUST RECEIVED,
A FRESH CONSIGNMENT OF THE FOLLOWING BRANDS OF
REAL MANILLA CIGARS,
"FLORA DE LA ISABELA,"
KNOWN TO BE EXCEEDINGLY PLEASANT AND DELIGHTFUL.

Imperiales	in Boxes of 25	with silver foil.	Rs. 8	0 per box.
Primo de Rever	" 25	"	6	8 "
Regl. Antonio Lopez	" 50	with ring	11	12 "
Non Plus Ultra	" 50	"	9	8 "
Exquisitos	" 50	"	7	8 "
Princess as (small size)	" 50	"	5	8 "
Neuvo Habano Especial	" 100	"	6	8 "
Do. do. No. 1	" 100	"	5	8 "
Do. do. No. 2	" 100	"	5	0 "
Do. do. No. 3	" 100	"	4	8 "

A TRIAL IS SOLICITED.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,
20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

THE ALLIANCE COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE TWELFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at its Registered Office, No. 2, Dalal Street, Fort, on FRIDAY, the 12th October, 1894, at 3 P.M., to transact the following business, viz:—
To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance-Sheets and Profit and Loss Accounts for the year ending 30th June, 1894.
To declare a Dividend.
To elect Directors in place of those retiring, but who are eligible for re-election.
To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
TAPIDASS VURJDASS & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.
Bombay, 26th September, 1894.
N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 2nd, to FRIDAY, the 12th October, 1894 (both Days inclusive).

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MONOGRAMS, Likeness, Portraits, &c., EMBOSSED and Worked on Glasses, Panes and Mirrors, for Drawing Rooms, Halls, &c. Looking Glasses SILVERED, and any kind of Decoration on Glasses made to order, according to Designs. Also Pictures Mounted and Framed. Moderate Prices.—P. D. KANGA & Co., Church Gate Street.

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BULL'S Improved Single Chimney Kilns.
Twenty-five per cent. of Fuel saved.
DAILY OUTTURN LARGELY INCREASED.
Labour and Trouble Reduced.
For Terms and Descriptive Pamphlet, apply to
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5 & 6, Hare-street, Calcutta.
An AGENT WANTED in the Bombay Presidency.

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SURPLUS STORES
AND
PLANT FOR DISPOSAL.

THE Undersigned is prepared to receive Offers for the purchase of the following Machinery and Plant *amongst others* which are available for Sale to the public at about Half their original value:—

Portable Steam Cranes to lift 3 tons and 5 tons.
Steam Hoist No. 13 to lift 35 cwt.
Steam Hoists to lift 2 tons.
Pulsometers, Nos. 6, 7 & 8.
Ship's Steam Winch, Bull's, Bell's and Wild's Dredgers.
Crab Winches, double, to lift 3, 5, 6 and 12 tons.
Air Locks fitted with Caps 9" diameter, &c., &c.
Hydraulic Jacks to lift 60 tons.
Improved patent double action Air Pumps with Helmets and Breast Plates, Diving Dresses and Under-Clothing, &c., for Divers, and various other Machinery.

General Stores and Tools of Varied description are also available at very Low prices. Complete List of the articles with prices, and other particulars may be obtained on application to THE GENERAL STOREKEEPER, Rayapuram.

LOUIS S. MOSS,
Agent and Manager.
Madras, 10th July, 1894.

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FOR
STANDARD POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR since 1865, the preference shown for STANDARD POLICIES has been very marked; the NEW BUSINESS having exceeded £1,000,000, sums assured, PER ANNUM—a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE. The BUSINESS of 1892 was the largest in the History of the Company.

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F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.

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FOR SALE.

ONE new English-built CANOE LANDAU, with patent Self-acting Hood, Warner's patent wheels with Rubber Tyres, suitable for one or Pair, by Lewis T. Fulker, of Salisbury.
One new Double-seated circular-fronted side-light BROUGHAM, with Rubber Tyres, suitable for one or Pair, by Watson, of Lowestoft.
One new office SHIGRAM, well finished.
One new four-in-hand DRAG (Brake), suitable for a Pair or a team, neatly finished.
Second-hand LANDAUS, VICTORIAS, and BROUGHAMS, by other well-known Makers.
HOUSES furnished with Latest Style neat Furniture.
FURNITURE of the Latest Designs for SALE or HIRE.
A Fresh Consignment of Best Real Mocca Coffee in Bags of 7 lbs. Price, Rs. 7 per Bag.
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AND
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BY EDWARD JENKINS.

In Pamphlet Form, containing Two Letters addressed to the "Englishman" on Debate and Vote in the Supreme Legislative Council, on the Cotton Duties.

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PERFECT WRIST WATCHES.

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NICKEL SILVER CRYSTAL FACE KEYLESS WATCHES, UP TO-DATE.

PERFECT & ACCURATE TIME-KEEPERS.

WE offer these fine watches at this low figure for the purpose of introducing them to Public Notice. We have advertised them as a cheaper quality of the MILITARY MODEL UNPARALLELED WRIST WATCHES that are now considered by Civil and Military Officers the PERFECTION OF WRIST WATCHES.

With a view of proving the excellent qualities of these very fine and useful Time-keepers and creating for them a demand, we offer the large number of 500 at a

CLEARANCE PRICE OF Rs. 16 EACH

For one month from this date, the 19th day of September, 1894.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
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BOMBAY AND POONA.

No Luncheon Table is complete and no Picnic Party properly equipped without PHILLIPS & Co.'s

"CRISP" BELFAST GINGER ALE.

Ask for BELFAST GINGER ALE, and see that our Name and the Word "CRISP" are on every Label.
Price per doz. Re. 1-8. Bottles, Rs. 2-8 per doz., returnable.

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THE MEDICINE FOR YOU

Which Positively Cures Dyspepsia and Constipation, removes Liver and Kidney Disorders, clears Skin and Regulates the Bowels, thereby keeping at bay the Human Foes, the Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Gout, Itchy Skin, and Stone in the Bladder, IS (At Re. 1-10 and Rs. 2-12) FOTHERGILL'S MADONAL!

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BAHADUR REGALIAS	6 inches long,	in boxes of		50
BAHADUR PRINCESSES	5	"	"	50
BAHADUR No. 1	4½	"	"	100
BAHADUR " 2	4	"	"	100
BAHADUR " 3	3¾	"	"	100
BAHADUR MANILLAS	4	"	"	100
BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS	3	"	"	200

GENUINE BAHADURS are obtainable from all RESPECTABLE Dealers throughout India.

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PILSENER BEER.
KAISER BREWERY.
BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).
THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.
First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.
In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.
Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen Quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen Pints.
N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY, BECK & Co." are on the Labels, without which none are from this Celebrated Brewery.
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GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

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AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
TO BE HAD ALSO AT
DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE OOMRIGAR
ABDUL REHMAN STREET.
Up-Country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and Discount to the Trade.

BUT WHY SUFFER

Use at once St. Martin's Pulmonary Balsam, which is the only vegetable remedy free of injurious combinations, that relieves Coughs, Cold, Asthma, and Diseases of the Lungs and Chest.
Annas 8 and Re. 1.
F. S. MADON & Co., Near Zooma Musjid, Bombay. WITH COUGH AND COLD?

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PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, for the cure of NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, have received Testimonials from THREE PHYSICIANS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN and the leading Physicians of Nine London Hospitals, including Forty Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London.

The distressing symptoms of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, loss of MUSCULAR POWER, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, EPILEPSY, &c., are speedily removed by means of **Pulvermacher's World-famed Galvanic Belts**, which convey the electric current direct to the affected parts, gradually stimulating and strengthening all the nerves and muscles, and speedily arresting all symptoms of premature waste and decay.

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Sir CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., Physician to Her Majesty, says: "PULVERMACHER'S BELTS are very effective in Neuralgia and Rheumatic Affections, and I have prescribed them largely in my practice for other similar maladies, paralysis, &c."

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ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME TO-NIGHT.
Every Item Bright, Sparkling, and New.
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With all the Original Music, Songs, Medleys, and Grotesque and Skirt Dances.
Doors open at 8 P.M. Overture at 9, Sharp.
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ADMISSION: Rs. 3; Rs. 2; and Re. 1.
Usual Reduction to the Military.

THE JALGAUM MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRD DIVIDEND of Rupees Twelve and Half (Rs. 12-8) per Share will be paid on and after TUESDAY, the 16th Day of October, 1894, between 12 Noon and 4 P.M., to the Shareholders of the Jalgaum Manufacturing Company, Limited, whose Names appear in the Company's Register on the 6th October, 1894, on the production of Share Certificates, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1, Bruce Lane, Fort.

JAMNADAS GOCULDAS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Bombay, 8th October, 1894.

THE NEW PACHORA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the NINTH DIVIDEND of Rupees Thirty (Rs. 30) per Share will be paid on and after THURSDAY, the 18th day of October, 1894, between 12 Noon and 4 P.M., to the Shareholders of the New Pachora Manufacturing Company, Ld., whose Names appear in the Company's Register on the 6th October, 1894, on the production of Share Certificates, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 1, Bruce Lane, Fort.

MATHURADASS GOCULDASS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Bombay, 8th October, 1894.

ASK FOR A COPY OF
READY REMEDIES,
FOR MINOR AILMENTS.
Gratis on Application to
PHILLIPS & CO., LIMITED,
CHEMISTS TO H. E. LORD HARRIS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
SUIT No. 178 OF 1894.

JAIKISSONDAS GANGADAS .....Plaintiff.
VERSUS
TAPIBAI, Widow of MANGALDAS TAPIDAS, Deceased .....Defendant.

PURSUANT to the directions given by His Lordship The Honorable Mr. Justice Starling in Court, on the 1st Day of October instant, Notice is hereby given that a Meeting of the Creditors of the abovenamed Deceased will be held in the Office of the Undersigned, in Albert Buildings, Fort, on SUNDAY, the 21st instant, at 12 Noon, for the following business:—

(1.) To consider the Offer made by Messrs. MANECKLALL GORDHANDAS GANDHERIA and SADASHIVE MORESHWAR SATHE through their Counsel for Purchase of the Fofalwady, Malarao Wady, and Malabar Hill Properties, belonging to the Said Deceased, for Rupees 133,000, the said Purchasers having offered to take such title as the Receiver can give.—Dated this 10th Day of October, 1894.

BHAISHANKER & KANGA,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

AN AUCTION SALE will be held at the Fort Custom House, THIS DAY, of UNCLAIMED and CONFISCATED GOODS, consisting of Bars, Bundles and Sheets of Iron, Casks of Earthenware, Cases of Periodicals, Kegs Paint, Varnish, Leather, Hat-boxes, Cigarettes, Wet-slates, School Slates, Casks of Cement, Iron Bolts and Handles, Samples of Flooring Tiles, Typewriters, Pictures, Dairy Machine, Tiffin Basket, Oil, Silver Assays, Sajeekhar, Raw cotton, Deck chairs, Cotton Piece-goods, Empty bottles, Crackers, 1 case Elastic web, Bronz Statue Lamps, Vinegar, Regene Silver Spoons and Forks, Wine, False Jewellery, Empty Glass Phials, Waste Paper, and various other Articles. Also articles of condemned Dead Stock and Marine Stores.

The Sale will commence at 1 P.M. A Deposit of Rs. 25 per cent. will be required to be paid when the lots are knocked down, and the Goods must be cleared within one Week from the Day of Sale, failing which the Deposit will be forfeited. Further conditions will be made known at the time of Sale.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Collector of Land Revenue, Customs and Opium,
Bombay Custom House, 11th October, 1894.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 176 OF 1893.

NARAYEN RAGHUNATH .....Plaintiff.
VERSUS
VINAYEKRAO BHASKERJEE, MORESHWAR VINAYEKRAO, DNYANKSHWAR VINAYEKRAO, KESHOWRAO BHASKERJEE, GUNPATRAO KESHOWRAO, SUNDERRAO KESHOWRAO, SHAMRAO KESHOWRAO (minor), MADHOWRAO BHASKER, JUGGONNATH MADHOWRAO, BAPUBAI alias PARWATIBAI, ANANDRAO BHASKERJEE, BALGRUSTNA ANANDRAO, BAJIBAO ANANDRAO, GUJANAN BALCRUSTNA (minor), SOONDERRAO BAJIRAO (minor), SOONDRABAI, NARAYEN RAMCRISHNA, RAKHMABAI, GUNPAT WITTOBA, YESHWANT WITTOBA, WASSOODEV CRISHNARAO and GOVINDRAO WASSOODEV .....Defendants

PURSUANT to the Order of Reference made in the above Suit and bearing Date the Ninth Day of January, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-four, the following Immoveable Property will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, in one Lot, before George Haughton Farran, Esquire, Commissioner of this Honorable Court, at his Office, in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th Day of November, 1894, at the hour of Three o'clock in the Afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the Estate and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff and of the abovenamed Defendants one to seven inclusive or any of them in the land and buildings situate on the South side of and fronting the passage forming part of the said premises and leading to the said premises from the Portuguese Church Street, Bhoolleshwar, without the Fort, in the Sub-district of Bombay, and containing by admeasurement Eight Hundred and Fifty-eight square yards or thereabouts, whereof six hundred and forty-three square yards part thereof are registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 140, New No. A-1250, Old Survey No. 290, and New Survey No. 3-423, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Defendant, Vinayekrao Bhaskerjee, and others.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner, or at the Office of Messrs. Brown and Moir, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed, at No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 12th Day of September, 1894.

G. H. FARRAN,
Commissioner.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament with a Codicil thereto of YESHWADABAI PHADKI, Widow of GOVIND GANGADHUR PHADKI, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, Deceased.

BALAJI PANDURANG, SHAMRAO PANDURANG, DHONDOO TRIMBUK and VISHVANATH VISHNU BAPAT, four of the Executors named in the Will of the Deceased.....Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness LYTTLETON HOLYOAKE BAYLEY, Esq., Acting Chief Justice of Bombay, aforesaid, the 5th Day of October, in the Year of Our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-four, and in the Fifty-eighth Year of Our Reign.

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

L. N. BANAJI,
The 5th Day of October, 1894.
SHAMRAO PANDURANG, Esquire,
Petitioner's Attorney.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
BOMBAY,

BEG to draw the attention of their friends to their holding of an Excellent TEA noted for its Purity, Strength, and Flavor, Grown on the
ALLAKOLLA TEA ESTATE,
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PRICE: Re. 1 per lb.
A TRIAL IS REQUESTED.

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A CHRISTY MINSTREL AND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT
Will be given in Aid of a
CHARITABLE INSTITUTION,
AT THE SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE,
TO-NIGHT, THURSDAY, 11TH OCTOBER,
At 9 P. M.,
Under the Patronage of
H. G. GELL, Esq.,
Commissioner of Police.

The following Ladies and Gentlemen have consented to take part:—Mrs. Butterfield, Mrs. Speldewinde, Miss Smith, and Miss Bazely; Messrs. Wickham, Willows, Pearcey, Schneider, Peters, and Mayers.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Reserved Seats...Rs. 2. Unreserved Seats...Re. 1.
EUROPEAN SEAMEN free.

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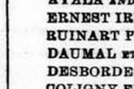
Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail
CITY OF AGRA..	Wm. Greive	3412	About 25th Oct.



THIS STEAMER, which is lighted throughout with the Electric Light, carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two Berth Cabins on Deck, Baths, and every comfort for First-Class Passengers.
Apply to
FORBES, FORBES & Co., Ld.,
Agents.
Bombay, 10th October, 1894.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the Supply of CLOTHING for Havildars, Peons, Attendants and others, Bombay Municipality, will be received by the Acting Municipal Commissioner, upto 2 P.M. on MONDAY, the 22nd October, 1894. Particulars of the Supplies required can be ascertained on application at the Commissioner's Office. Samples of Buttons, Blue Broad Cloth, Blue Serge, and Khaki Drill, Gold Lace, White Calico and Lining for Coats, and a Deposit of Rs. 400 will have to be lodged with each Tender.

Printed Forms of Tender and Conditions of Contract can be had on payment of Re. 1 for each Form of Tender at the Office of the Municipal Commissioner.

The Undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

T. S. WEIR,
Acting Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices, Bombay, 10th October, 1894.

THE SOONDERDASS SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS COMPANY, LD.
ધી સુંદરદાસ સ્પીનીંગ એંડ વીવીંગ મીલ્સ કંપની, લીમીટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the year ending 30th June, 1894, of Rs. 35 per Whole Share and Rs. 8-12 per Quarter Share (free of Income Tax), is declared payable to the Registered Shareholders of this Company on and after FRIDAY, the 12th October, 1894, between the hours of 12 A.M. and 3 P.M., at the Registered Office, No. 3, Tamarind Lane, Fort, on production of Share Certificates.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
મુળજી જેઠાની કું.,
i.e., MOOLJEE JAITHA & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.
Bombay, 10th October, 1894.

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in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.
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H. CHALMERS,
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The above speaks for itself. From strict inquiry it appears that the benefit from using Keating's Cough Lozenges is understated. The operation was a specially severe one, and was performed by the Specialist, Dr. H. T. Butlin, of St. Bartholomew's Hospital. Since the operation the only means of relief is the use of these Lozenges. So successful are they that one affords immediate benefit, although from the nature of the case the throat irritation is intense.

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The working expenses of this Company are the LOWEST of any Company of the SAME age.
For Forms and Particulars for effecting an Assurance, apply to:—

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Manager and Actuary

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
BOMBAY AGENCY.

CAPITAL..... £3,000,000
Absolute Security Funds now exeed.....£8,453,500
Funds Invested in the best and Safest Securities amount to..... £8,003,265

FIRE BRANCH.

Policies covering Risk on Merchandise, Buildings, Spinning Mills, Cotton and Jute Presses, Shops, Bungalows, Household Furniture, Hotels and Clubs, both in Bombay and in the Mofussil, granted on MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS.
Coals on the Bunders and Kerosine Oil also covered

Fire Premium 1875	£	742,553
" " 1885	"	995,107
" " 1887	"	998,043
" " 1892	"	2,033,053

LIFE BRANCH.
NATIVE LIVES ASSURED AT EUROPEAN RATES LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES.

Policies granted by the Undersigned without reference to Head Office on approved Lives. Military Lives in Civil Employ have extra Premium, returned.
Endowment Assurances payable at Fixed periods, on Adults and Children on very favourable terms.
Last Reversionary Bonus 7½ per cent.
The next Distribution of Profits will take place after close of the year 1894.
Reduction to European Rates when Assured leave either Alexandria or Port Said.

Accumulated Life and Annuity Fund now amount to	£	4,730,338
Total Accumulated Funds.....	"	8,003,265

GROWTH of FUNDS—

1882	£	4,842,054
1887	"	5,763,091
1892	"	8,003,265
Increase of Funds in 10 years		£3,161,211

THOMAS H. MOORE & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Co., Hummum Street.
D. LINDSAY, Resident Secretary,
Apollo Street, Old Secretariat.

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund.	
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£	3,000,000
The GENERAL INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, incl. RESERVE FUND.,	"	3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	M	6,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	"	7,500,000
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	"	6,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., of 1877, CAPITAL	"	2,500,000
The BALOISE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Frs	10,000,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl	3,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	"	2,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., "INSULINDE," CAPITAL.....	"	1,000,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, incl. RESERVE FUND	£	3,000,000
The NEW SWISS-LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.	Frs	4,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl	3,000,000
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	"	2,000,000
The NETHERLANDS-INDIA SEA & FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.	"	2,250,000
The BAVARIAN LLOYD MARINE INSURANCE Co., Ld., CAPITAL ...	M	4,000,000

The FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED, who can offer all FACILITIES and most FAVOURABLE TERMS. Rates and other particulars can be obtained on application.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Agents.

MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1894.
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1894 contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the City in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

THE
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
Has been enlarged, verified, and carefully revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

Bombay Gazette Offices,
Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

Digitized by financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,270
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,250
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,135
Commercial & Ld. Mge	5,000	100	100		166 xd
	2,000	100	75	10 p. c.	115 xd
	3,000	100	10		50 xd
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	60 nl
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£20
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	£1	29
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	245
MISCELLANEOUS.				Yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	325
	750	50	150	7½	225xd
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	40
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	10	113
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	Rs. 300	5,200
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	Rs. 75	1,300
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	dvd Rs. 3	72
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 50	1,425
Deccan Ice Co. in liquidation	1,170	100	100	Nil	5nl
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000		500	5 pr. ct.	250
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 20	280xd
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co Ld	2,800	250	250	7½ pr. ct.	300
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	16½
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	135
Kemp & Co	4,000	200	175	dvd Rs21	326
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	165
Mahaarance Ice Manufacturing Co	3,500	100	100	Nil	10nl
Marcks & Co., Ld	4 000	100	100	Rs. 10	124
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	50
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Secu ity Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	10 pr. ct.	168xd
Phillips & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	Rs. 7	98
Port Canning Co	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	475xd
Prince of Wales Fire Ins	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Semedy & Co	1,000	100	100	9	60
Treacher & Co	2,000	500	25	60	1,000
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	Nil	70
Telephone Co	9,200	25	100	1	23

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,375
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	90	1,136
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Nil	227½
Bhowruggur City Press & Manfg. Co, Ld	550	250	250	dvd 45	315
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	dvd Rs.7	156½
Broach City Press Co., Ld	500	200	200	14	132½
Broach City Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	12	195
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	20	325
East India	350	1,000	1,000	125	1,250
English Press and Manfg	400	200		20	107½
Fort	150	8,500	500	Rs. 80	1,240
French	300	500	500	dvd Rs.25	420
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	450	500	30	490
Hingoli Press Co., Ld	700	100	100	12	110
Khangaum	210	450	450	dvd Rs30	400xd
Mahuva Press Co., Ld	300	200	all	15 pr. ct.	247½
Madhavpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld	300	500	500	53	120
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	10	105
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Nil	360
Munmar M	1,000	250	all	Nil	220
New Berar	1,200	500	500	125	540
New Indian	4,000	125	125	11¼	125xd
Prince of Wales	100	500	500	Rs25	dvd 485
Sabapathy (Bellary)	500	500	75	20	480
Sassoon	300	500	500	20	585
Sind and Punjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	200	2,300
Sird	400	2,000	750	35	615
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	Nil	10
Surat City Press Co., Ld	375	200	all	dvd Rs12	200
Volkart	...	1,000	100	Rs. 70	1,080xd

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly	
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	15	535
Anglo-Indian	1,345	100	100	Nil	44
Bellary S & W Co. Ld (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 per ct.	305
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs20	710
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co	900	500	500	20	390
Bombay National Manfg. Co. Ld	500	1,000	1,000		150
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	250
Central India	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs35	1,370xd
China Mills Co Ld	800	1 000	1,000	Nil	400
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs25	910
Coimbatore S and W	1,000	100	100	...	110
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	dvd Rs25	690
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	...	Rs 10	635
Courtia Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs25	470
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs 15	370xd
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	300
Empress	2,100	500	500	dvd Rs25	490
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	360
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Nil	720
Hinguphat Mills	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	dvd Rs25	525
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	1,175
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	dvd Rs15	370
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs 50	1,240xd
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	dvd Rs25	530
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil	550
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	dvd Rs 5	140xd
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs35	930
Jubilee Mills Co, Ld	600	1,000	1,000	Rs 20	200
Khandesh	750	1,500	1,000	Nil	655
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil	825
Khatao Makunjee	1,000	1,030	1,000	Rs 40	650xd
Leopold	3,500	100	103	dvd Rs10	170xd
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs15	700
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	920
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	Rs 100	2,900xd
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	320
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	3,400	500	500	15 pr ct	153½
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs 50	1,730xd
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	Nil	150
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	2,050
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	...	...
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil	par
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	75
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs 20	425
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Nil	417½
Presidency Mills Co (Ld)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs 40	1,325
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	575
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs30	975
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,405
Shahapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000		1,410xd
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil	625
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Rs 15	150
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	dvd Rs10	377½xd
Sun Mills, Ld	1,300	250	250	12½	195
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	210
Swadeshi Mills	475	500	500	Rs 15	520
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	900	1,000	1,000	50	550
Venishunker Lukhmishunker C Mill Co, Ld	900	500	900	15	500
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	Nil	120
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Nil	700
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	...	200
Union Mills Ld	900	1,000	1,000	...	500

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	all	5 p. c.	246
B. B. & C. I. R.	...	£ 18	...	do.	

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Gold	Rs.	28-6	
Gold Leaf	"	28-0	Nominal.
Pekin, Bar Gold, old	"	27-14	"
Do. do. new	"	27-10	"
Australia bar Gold	"	28-0	
Bombay bar Gold	"	27-14	
Sovereigns	"	18-0	
Do. Drazons	"	17-15	
Silver 7	"	93-4	
Do. 17½	"	93-8	
Carolas	"	205-0	
Mexican	"	197-0	
Five-Franc Pieces	"	300-0	

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Gymkhana Golf Handicap Competition.
Lyons' Operatic Company, "Faust-up-to-date," Tivoli Theatre, 9 p.m.
Bombay Sunday School Union Meeting, Robert Money School, 7-30 a.m.; Framji Cowasji Hall, 6 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Bahadurі entered the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Time entered the dock on Tuesday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi and Sind, per extra s. s. La Seyne, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 1-30 p.m., to-morrow, the 12th instant.

CINDERELLA DANCE.—The next cinderella dance, open to members of the B. V. A. Corps and their lady friends, will be held at the Byculla Head Quarters, on Saturday next.

POSTAL NOTICE.—With effect from the 11th October, 1894, the charges on Foreign Money Order and British Postal Orders will be regulated at offices in the Town of Bombay by Schedule 44, viz., 1s., 1½d. per rupee.

POLICE APPOINTMENT.—Inspector Killen, of the dock police, having been granted three months' privilege leave, Inspector Briscoe, of the Colaba section, has been transferred to the dock police, to act in Mr. Killen's place.

ARRIVAL.—Revabai, a relative of the Gaekwar of Baroda, accompanied by seventy-eight followers, carrying four guns and four bayonets, arrived in Bombay, on Tuesday morning, and has taken up her residence, at Nepean Sea Road.

WAS IT A CASE OF NIGHTMARE?—Jairam Thaker, a Hindu, residing at Bhooleshwar, while sleeping on a bench in the verandah of his house, accidentally fell off and sustained injury to the back of his head, which necessitated his removal to the J. J. Hospital.

FORT GRATUITIOUS DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the month of September was 3,495; daily average, 116; total of new admissions, 1,616; number of children vaccinated, 73. New admissions, Parsees, 887; Hindus, 580; and other castes, 149.

FAIR.—The annual fair at the Luxmi Narayan Temple, Gowalia Tank Road, commences to-day, and will continue for six successive days. On Sunday next fire-works will be let off at night. Ladies will have seats reserved for them on their intimating their desire to Mr. Goverdhandas Goculdas Tejpal.

GYMKHANA RUGBY FOOTBALL.—There will be no tournament match this evening, but the goal posts will be put up for practice. The annual Gymkhana football dinner will be held on Saturday next, at 8-15 p.m., in the pavilion. Members wishing to dine will kindly send in their names to the Honorary Secretary, Football.

BURGLARY AT PAREL TANK ROAD.—Urjoon Mahdoo, a farrier, residing at Parel Tank Road, has reported to the police that during his absence from home on Monday night some one entered his room by opening a window, apparently by lifting the catch with a knife, and stole a currency note for Rs. 10 and Rs. 10 in cash from a box, which was also forced open.

RESULT OF HANDLING A SODAWATER BOTTLE.—On Tuesday afternoon, Nundkumar Shewruttoo, aged thirty-five years, a servant employed in a mineral water factory, at Hummum Street, Fort, was conveyed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, suffering from a severe cut on the left hand caused by the bursting of a sodawater bottle, which he had been carelessly handling. After treatment Nundkumar was allowed to go home.

ACCIDENT ON BOARD A STEAMER.—Abdool Abbas Ally, a tindal, employed on board the British India Steam Navigation Company's steamer Lawada, was, on Tuesday forenoon, overhauling the winch chain into the Company's store boat, when he accidentally overbalanced himself and fell overboard into the gunwale of the boat alongside, sustaining a lacerated wound on the chin and bruises to the chest and other parts of the body. The injured man was taken to the Goculdass Tejpal Hospital, and detained under treatment.

A NEGLIGENT VICTORIA DRIVER.—Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Dustoor, Third Presidency Magistrate, Constable Clarkson charged Bhawoo Joico, a hack-victoria driver, employed by Dadabhoy Nusserwanji, with rash driving, thereby colliding with the carriage of Mr. White, near the Colaba Post Office, and damaging the same. The accused said that the road was under repair, and there was no room for him to pass. The complainant said though told to stop, accused did not do so, and a collision was the result. The magistrate fined accused Rs. 40, ordering Rs. 25 out of the amount to be paid to complainant. In default of payment accused to be sent to jail for one month.

SOMAVOUSHY KSHATRIA NITI SEVAK MANDALI DASARA HOLIDAY.—The annual gathering of the above Mandali was held in the *Holi* Buildings, at Mazagon, under the presidentship of Mr. Vinayakrao Raghoba Goraksh. After the recital of verses composed for the occasion by Messrs. Luxuman Narayan Padke and Madhowrao Jaggannath, the secretary of the Mandali, Mr. Shaligram Bhikaji Timble, read an interesting paper containing an account of the origin of the *Dasara* Holiday. At the request of the president, speeches were made by Messrs. Dadoba Bhasker Mukadam and Baburao Purshotum Bhatte, after which the President delivered an appropriate address. The proceedings terminated after a vote of thanks to the president, and the distribution of *pan supari*.

BOMBAY TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.—The following are the winning numbers for the month of September, 1894. There are two prizes of Rs. 100 each, and fifteen of Rs. 10 each, which must be claimed within the current month:—

				Rs. 100 Prizes.	As.	Nos.
Green	Line	Up			2	C 05783
Lavender	,,	,,			1	C 05900
				Rs. 10 Prizes.	As.	Nos.
Green	Line	Down			2	C 551100
Do.	,,	Up			2	C 507601
Special	Line	,,			2	C 261036
Yellow	,,	,,			1½	C 633661
Do.	,,	,,			1½	C 655722
Special	,,	Down			1½	D 222225
Do.	,,	,,			1	M 136930
Yellow	,,	,,			1	H 055681
Green	,,	Up			1	H 015710
Lavender	,,	,,			1	E 919574
Blue	,,	Down			1	E 533769
Red	,,	,,			1	D 777037
Special	,,	,,			½	D 791401
Yellow	,,	,,			½	C 500900
Brown	,,	,,			½	C 419109

DARING ROBBERY AT CHOWPATTY SEA-FACE.—About half-past 11 o'clock, on Tuesday night, a policeman, while doing duty on the Chowpatty Sea Face, heard a cry of "sepoy, sepoy," and saw a Mahomedan running away. The sepoy chased the man, and arrested him. Soon after a Hindu came up staggering to the sepoy and complained of having been drugged and robbed of all his ornaments and a purse containing five annas. The Mahomedan, whose name was Fakeerbhoy Moosaji, aged about twenty years, was immediately searched by the sepoy and two empty bottles were found on his person. The Hindu, whose name was Pandoo Govind, was then conveyed by the policeman to the J. J. Hospital, where, on examination, he was found to be suffering from the effects of *majam* administered to him by Fakeerbhoy Moosaji, and another Mahomedan, named Kulibalia Habeboola, who effected his escape with all the ornaments belonging to the Hindu. Pandoo was detained in the hospital under treatments, while the captured Mahomedan was taken to the police chowkey. The police instituted an enquiry, and succeeded in arresting the escaped Mahomedan, at 2 o'clock, on the following morning, and recovered the whole of the stolen property and a small quantity of *majam* from him. At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Constable Hamilton charged both the Mahomedans before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with administering stupefying drugs to the complainant Pandoo, with intent to cause hurt, and with committing theft of property belonging to him. On the application of the police, the case was remanded.

MR. HIGGS, another driver, relates to "The Strand Magazine" contributor an experience of a decidedly exciting kind. In 1863, a man attempted to throw him off the road with the mails, coming over the North Devon line from Bideford to Exeter. Fortunately the driver managed to bring the train to a stand before reaching a spot where it must inevitably have been precipitated through a bridge into a river. The miscreant, it appears, had taken a gate off its hinges and laid it across the road. Luckily Mr. Higgs saw him and pulled up in time. "When he perceived," says Mr. Higgs, "that he was discovered, he ran away across the fields. I got down from my engine, and chased and caught him. He tried hard to get away, but I brought him to my engine, and carried him on to Crediton, where I handed him over to the police." The prompt and courageous driver subsequently gave evidence at Exeter Assizes against this scoundrel, who was convicted and sentenced to five years' penal servitude.

NOTES FROM SIMLA.

(BY AN OCCASIONAL CORRSPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 5.

THE long spell of football is at last over and the Durand Challenge Cup goes to the Highland Light Infantry team once again. The Royal Scots Fusiliers, who had been playing very well throughout, were looked upon as the winners, and there is no doubt they played a splendid game in the final tie, but the men of the H. L. I. seemed to know the ground too well and succeeded in carrying off the much-coveted trophy.

After footer, the next event of interest was the cricket match, Simla and Outstations vs. the Parsee Baronet Cricket Club from Bombay, which commenced on the 3rd and was finished to-day. We had all heard of the powers of the Zoroastrians in wielding the willow, and when we found that the team included such men as Gagrat, Writer, Bharucha, and Mistry we expected to see some good cricket. The team arrived on the 2nd, looking somewhat tired out after their long journey, but they seemed in good spirits and evidently had plenty of confidence in themselves. By mutual arrangement of the captains the teams played twelve men aside. The Simla team was exceptionally strong in the batting element, while the bowlers were Reynolds, Rawlins, Fegen, and Watson. The members of the Parsee team, except those mentioned above, were not well-known, but we expected to find them bowl and field well. I was, however, somewhat disappointed, for their fielding was very loose, and their bowling not at all effective. There is this to be said, that they were strangers to the ground, and not used to the mat wicket, and that on the second day there was a steady drizzle all day which made playing very difficult. The Simla captain (Rivett-Carnac) won the toss and elected to bat, sending in Beresford and Fegen to oppose Gagrat and Writer. Gagrat's fast under-hand bowling was new to the Simla men, but was not very effective. Writer seemed unable to get much work on the ball, and the score began to run up. The first wicket fell for 12 runs and the hopes of the Parsees ran high, but Fleming and Beresford soon got at home with the bowling, and it was 49 before the next man was dismissed. The third wicket fell soon after to Bharucha, and at this point Rawlins joined Rivett-Carnac when a splendid stand was made, both men playing sound cricket and smacking the ball to all parts of the field. Several changes were made in the bowling, but Bharucha was the only man who was treated with any respect. The fielding of the Parsees was very loose, and the first century was signalled some time before lunch. At 113 the partnership was dissolved, Rawlins being caught out by Mistry, off Writer. Rivett-Carnac did not survive long, and retired at 142 for a well played 49, compiled by sterling cricket. After luncheon the home team did not do much, except Mr. H. D. Watson who made 35 not out, Gagrat and Writer dividing the honors in bowling. The innings closed about 3-30 p.m. for 204. Writer bowled 225 balls, took 6 wickets for 100 runs. Bharucha bowled 135 balls, took 2 wickets for 45 runs. Gagrat bowled 95 balls, took 3 wickets for 25 runs, so he was the least expensive of the bowlers. Had the men shown up better in fielding the Simla team would not have scored much over the century, but the ground played very fast and a large number of balls were allowed to go by. The Parsee captain sent in B. Mistry and A. Vatcha, but Mistry was given out leg-before-wicket before a run had been scored. Ayrton followed, but was splendidly caught at mid on by Fleming, and had to retire without scoring two for three runs. Gagrat partnered Vatcha, but the latter was too eager to score and sent one to Fegen which was beautifully held. Raja succeeded and great things were expected of him after his recent performance in the Presidency match, but he was bowled by Reynolds after making 2. Gagrat was the only man who played with any confidence, and his off-drives and smacks to leg were very clean and neat, and called forth rounds of applause from the spectators. He did not receive much support from the other members of the team who were not at all comfortable on the mat wicket. After scoring about 30, Gagrat got a nasty smack on the hip, which all but disabled him, but he stuck to his post manfully, at last he fell a victim to a curly one from Rawlins, and retired for 47, a very valuable contribution, compiled by steady forward play.

Play closed for the day at 5-30 p.m., the Parsees having made 103 for 10 wickets. The Simla team fielded remarkably well, and several very smart catches were brought off. Rawlins and Reynolds had borne the brunt of the bowling, and Watson a slow under-arm had also been tried.

Play was resumed this morning at 11-15. It had been raining all the morning and a steady drizzle kept on all day. Kapadia and J. Daruwalla, the two not-outs, soon warmed to their work, with 21 to make to save the follow-on. On account of the wet state of the ground the bowlers could not do much, and both players began smacking merrily, Kapadia especially making several boundary hits. They soon knocked up the required 21, which raised the spirits of the remainder of the team, and soon after 150 was signalled. Daruwalla, however, played an easy one on to his wickets when the score reached 154, and this closed the innings. Rawlins did good service with the ball and took 5 wickets for 55 runs, Reynolds 3 for 41 runs, Fegen 2 for 16 runs, and Watson 1 for 20 runs.

The Simla team commenced their 2nd innings and some capital all round cricket was witnessed. It began raining again and the bowlers seemed very unhappy. Gagrat unfortunately could not keep on as he had been damaged on Wednesday. The score mounted up rapidly, Fleming and Rivett-Carnac doing yeoman service for their side. *Three wickets only had fallen when an adjournment was made for lunch, the score being 99. When the Parsees took the field again it was still drizzling, and every one got wet through.* The fourth wicket fell for 100 and the seventh for 156, out of which Rivett-Carnac had made 28 and Fleming 47. At this point the innings was closed, the Parsees being 206 behind. The rain came down heavier and the game had to be stopped, ending in a draw in favour of the Simla team. It is a pity the Parsees could not stay and finish the match to-morrow, but they had already made arrangements to go down the hill and could not cancel them. It is a pity the weather was so unpropitious on the second day as they probably would have done very much better had the elements favoured them. They deserve credit for their sporting spirit in coming all their way to play a friendly match, and we hope they will have better luck should they come up again.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS COURT.

AT a sitting of the court yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Justice Farran disposed of the following among other matters.

RE LILADHAR NATHA AND OTHERS.

Mr. Ardesir Kapadia, for the insolvents, asked for an adjournment of the hearing, on the ground that one of the insolvents was seriously ill and unable to come to court. Mr. Manker, for the creditors, consented to the adjournment, which was granted, and the 21st November was fixed for the hearing.

RE DHARSEY KHAKEY.

Mr. Manker, on behalf of the insolvent, applied for an *interim* order with leave to amend the schedule. His Lordship granted the application.

RE NARAYEN OKE.

Mr. Ardesir Kapadia, for an opposing creditor, moved that a day might be fixed for the hearing on the ground that there were many up-country witnesses. Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, consented to the proposal. His Lordship remarked that as the case was not put down in the list of opposed cases, no date could be fixed. Mr. Kapadia was, however, advised to move again in the matter when the case should appear on the board.

RE BHUGWANDAS PURSHOTAMDAS.

Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, applied for and obtained the usual *interim* order.

RE BHUKHANDAS MOTILAL.

Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, applied for an *interim* order. An opposing creditor appeared in person, and opposed the application. His lordship advised the creditor to make his opposition at the time of the hearing. Two months' *interim* order with leave to serve notices was granted to the insolvent.

MILITARY NEWS.

GOVERNMENT have approved of the rest camp at Mian Mir being established at Mian Mir West.

MAJOR J. W. DUNLOP, 2nd Battery, 2nd Depot Division, Field Artillery, has been appointed to 51st Field Battery.

2ND-LIEUTENANT J. S. Ollivant, No. 4 Company, Western Division, has been appointed to 17th Field Battery.

CAPTAIN DALLAS, No. 6 Company, Western Division, has been appointed to officiate as Instructor in Gunnery at Aden.

THE Commander-in-Chief, Bombay Army, leaves Poona on the 11th November, visiting Sirur, Ahemednagar, Malegaon, and Deolali, returning to Poona on the 19th.

THE Secretary of State has approved of an Assistant Cantonment Magistrate being allowed for the Rawalpindi Cantonment, as a temporary arrangement for two years.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL AND COLONEL H. P. GREIG, Royal (late Bombay) Artillery, has been permitted to retire on a combined Indian pension and extra annuity of £910 per annum.

PUBLIC COMPANY MEETINGS.

THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

THE adjourned twenty-third annual general meeting of shareholders of the company was held yesterday, at the registered office, Tamarind Lane, Mr. Hurkisondas Narotumdas, chairman of the board of directors, presiding. The following directors' report was submitted:—

Your directors have pleasure in placing before you the twenty-third annual report on the operations of the Morarjee Goculdass Spinning and Weaving Mills, together with the audited balance-sheet and statement of profit and loss account for the year ending 30th June, 1894. The company's gross profits amount to Rs. 2,21,010-9-1, inclusive of Rs. 908-8-3, brought forward from last year's accounts. This result, your directors trust, will be considered satisfactory. From the aforesaid sum of Rs. 2,21,010-9-1, your directors have written off Rs. 60,000 on account of depreciation of machinery, and paid an *ad-interim* dividend at the rate of Rs. 60 per share for the half-year ending 31st December last, which absorbed the sum of Rs. 69,000. This leaves an available balance of Rs. 92,010-9-1, from which, after setting aside Rs. 15,000 as under, your directors recommend a dividend of Rs. 65 per share for the half-year ending 30th June last, which will absorb Rs. 74,750, and the carrying forward of the balance, *viz.*, Rs. 2,260-9-1, to next year's account:—I., Amount of dividend to be paid at Rs. 65 per share, raising the total dividend for the year to Rs. 125 per share, being 12½ per cent. on the paid-up shares—Rs. 74,750. II., Amount set aside for replacement or renewal of machinery account, Rs. 10,000. III., Amount set aside for bonus account, Rs. 5,000; Rs. 89,750. IV., Balance to be carried to next year's account, Rs. 2,260-9-1; total, Rs. 92,010-9-1. Your mill premises, together with the machinery and ordinary contents, stand insured at Rs. 20,62,687. In accordance with clause 87 of the articles of association, Messrs. Nowrojee Pestonjee Cama and Gordhandas Khatao Maconjee retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election. Two auditors for the ensuing year, as usual, will have to be appointed, and their remuneration fixed.

The chairman, in addressing the meeting, said: Gentlemen,—In proposing the adoption of the directors' report and the audited balance-sheet and statement of profit and loss account for the year ended 30th June, 1894, printed copies of which are already circulated among the shareholders, you will, I hope, permit me to make a few remarks. Your mill has once more proved its capacity to yield good and satisfactory profits in spite of adverse circumstances affecting the interests of our mill industry. The amount of profits this time is unfortunately somewhat less than that of the last year, but this can be fairly attributed to the slackness of trade with China, the cheapness of yarn market, and the extreme depression and varying condition of exchange during the year under report. I, for one, think that it is a matter for congratulation to see that our energetic agent have been able to give us such a gratifying result in the face of the abovementioned difficulties, and I trust you will join with me in tendering them our best thanks for the excellent manner in which they have managed the affairs of the company. Gentlemen, you are aware of the keen competition that is raging on this side of India in this most important branch of our native resources, the insuperable obstacles that are to be confronted with, and various other depressing incidents that come in the way of similar concerns like ours in making any profits, but in one case we have been able to pay you a dividend of 12½ per cent. on account of the sound organization of our mill; and the great attention with which our agents look after the well equipment of its machinery in order to work it in a thoroughly satisfactory manner. I, therefore, feel sure that our good financial position and the characteristic economy of our agents will enable them to afford us the same amount of handsome profits in future as they have done in the past.

The directors' report and the audited accounts were adopted and confirmed. A dividend of Rs. 65 per share was declared, payable on and after the 10th instant. Messrs. Nowrojee Pestonjee Cama and Gordhandas Khatao Makanjee, who retired by rotation, were re-elected directors. Messrs. Dwarkadas Oodhowjee and Ruttonjee Jamsetjee Furdoonjee Parakh were appointed auditors with a remuneration of Rs. 250 each, inclusive of stock-taking. The best thanks of the shareholders were accorded to the directors, secretaries, treasurers, and agents of the company for their satisfactory and able management of the company's affairs. The proceedings ended with the customary compliment to the chairman.

THE SOONDERDAS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

THE twenty-second annual general meeting of the shareholders was held yesterday, Mr. Vandravandas Purshotumdas, chairman of the board of directors, presiding. The directors' report was as follows:—

The directors have now the pleasure to lay before the shareholders their twenty-second annual report, together with the balance-sheet and profit and loss account for the year ending 30th June, 1894. During the year under report, as the shareholders will observe, the company has made a profit of Rs. 36,358-15-4, including Rs. 55-0-9 brought forward from the last year's account which the directors now purpose to apportion as under:—To the payment of a dividend of Rs. 35 per whole and Rs. 8½ per quarter share, absorbing Rs. 22,750-0-0; to the mill *extension fund account Rs. 13-000-0-0*; and the *balance to the next year's account* Rs. 608-15-4; *total Rs. 36,358-15-4. This diminution of profit as* compared with the profit made by the company in the last year is mainly attributable to the high rates of cotton that ruled during the first half of the year under review when the yarn market in the Far East was passing through a period of unusual depression, consequent upon the closing of the Indian Mints for the free coinage of silver in the beginning of the year under report. The full number of 150 looms, as were mentioned in the last report to have been ordered out, was not ready for full working till the end of March last on account of their late arrival from home; and as was expected, the mill therefore could not get the full advantage thereof. The directors, however, trust that with the present improving condition of the market the company would be able to shew a better earning in the year to come. Messrs. Vandravandas Purshotamdas and Gocuidas Narronjee retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election. The shareholders have to appoint auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The report and audited accounts were approved and confirmed. Other resolutions were passed in accordance with the recommendations made in the directors' report. The proceedings closed with the customary compliment to the chairman.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—OCTOBER 9.

Barrow, Surgn-Lt-Col, Bo, A M S, on leave, from Ahmednagar
Dalgely, Lt, Bo, 7th Hussars, on leave, from Mhow

OCTOBER 10.

Scallon, Capt, Bo, 23rd Bo Infy, on duty, from Rajkote
Keys, 2nd Lt, Bo, R A, on leave, from Agra
Jenkinson, Capt, Bo, Derby Regt, on transfer, from Ranichet
Armstrong, Lt, Bengal, 1st Lancers H C, on leave, from Aurungabad
Formby, Capt, Ms, 3rd Lancers, on leave, from Bellary

DEPARTURES.—OCTOBER 10.

Sealy, Lt, Bengal, 2nd Manchester Regt, from leave, to Deolalee
Stukartt, Surgn-Lt, Bengal, A M S, from leave, to Deolalee
Addison, Surgn-Major, Bo, A M S, from leave, to Poona
Lake, Lt, Bengal, R A, on leave, to Mean Meer
Formby, Capt, Ms, 3rd Lancers, from leave, to Bellary
Evans, Major, Bo, 7th Hussars, from leave, to Mhow

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 11th October, 1894.

1. The following drills will take place to-morrow:—

Fort Head-Quarters.
At 8-30 p.m.—25-pr. R M L Gun drill.

Nesbit Road Head-Quarters.
At 8-30 p.m.—25-pr. R M L Gun drill.

2. The following gentlemen are admitted to the Corps as Honorary Members from the 6th instant:—Dr J Gallagher and Mr W R Medcalf.

The rate of subscription will be fixed at the next Regimental Committee Meeting.

By Order,
(Sd.) L. PENNY, 2nd Lieut.,
Acting Adjt., B. V. A.

SIGNOR BACCELLI has been entrusted with the organisation of a banquet in Rome in honour of Signor Crispi, at which the latter has decided, it is said, to make a speech before the opening of Parliament. It will depend upon the negotiations going on with the Vatican whether anything will be said in the speech of ecclesiastical politics.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer, for it" will positively restore, in every case, Grey or White hair to its Original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

GOLD AND SILVER PENCIL CASES.—18ct. Gold Pencil cases fitted for Cedar Pencils, plain or Engine-turned. Slide action with Watch Chain attachment, Rs. 30 to 75. Silver, Rs. 8. Telescopic Pencil Cases, gold Rs. 25 to Rs. 60. Silver, Rs. 8 to Rs. 12.—MARCKS & Co. Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

TENTS of VARIOUS KINDS for HIRE.—Double and Single Pole, Rowries, Shamiana, Palls, Stables, Bichoba, &c., &c. Apply to PESTONJEE, Esplanade Gymkhana, Bombay.

LEATHER MACHINES Unequalled for Superiority, Strength and Durability. S E W S from FINEST to ¼ inch-thick LEATHER.—THE SINGER Co., Bombay.

FEATHER PILLOWS, made from English Feathers, Chemically PURIFIED. All Sizes kept in Stock by JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street. Also Down Quilts and Cushions.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED—Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJI PEROJSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

20,000 lbs. TEAS! FRESH SPRING CROP Selections!! From General Youngbusband's Celebrated Gardens, Kangra Valley!! Really Choice Teas at unprecedentedly Low Rates from MORTON MAJU and Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

LOST.—Japanese Pug BITCH, between Pydowni and Money School. Colour Dun, black muzzle, crooked curly tail. Answers to name Gipsy. Anyone returning same to House No. 35, Love Lane, Byculla, will be Rewarded.

LOST.—(Rs. 20 Reward), on Monday last, after the Concert at the Town Hall, an old Cigar Case of Crocodile Skin with Silver Monogram, G. W. M. Of no value to anyone but the owner. Whoever brings the same to Lieut.-Col. MARTIN, at H. M. Assay Office, or the Byculla Club, will receive the above Reward.

WALERS! WALERS!! WALERS!!! The well-known Australian Dealer, Jas. Cavanagh, has arrived with a Shipment of Selected and Well-bred AUSTRALIAN HORSES, suitable for the Indian Market. Among them are Well-matched Pairs and Teams, and selected Hacks, Chargers, and Ponies, to be seen at STEPHENS and SONS, Churney Road, Bombay.

OFFICERS' TRAVELLING CAMP LANTERNS, the most useful and compact ever offered. Perfectly Stormproof. Can be used as a Lantern, Table Lamp, Wall Lamp, and Hanging Lamp. A very necessary Companion in the Jungle.—LAMP WAREHOUSE, R. DITMAR, late Theodor Knaust, 69, Esplanade Road.

ONCE USED ALWAYS USED!—High Class SUMATRA CIGARS, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, at Rs. 3 8, 3-4 and 3 per 100, respectively. These Cigars are very carefully prepared from Finest Selected and thoroughly Matured Sumatra and Dindigul Tobaccos. They will recommend themselves to Smokers desirous of a Mild, Aromatic and free-drawing Cigar. We guarantee to return money if it is not approved of.—N. B. DANTRA & Co., 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED, a Decent VICTORIA and HORSE (single), on HIRE by Month. Apply to "B-55," care of this Office.

WANTED, EUROPEAN to take over the MANAGEMENT of a small Manufacturing Concern. Chemist preferred. Moderate pay at present, but good Prospects.

WANTED, SERVICE by a First Class COACHMAN. Thoroughly used both to Single and Double Harness. Excellent Testimonials. Apply to "F. 88," care of this Office.

WANTED, by an Experienced European, an EMPLOYMENT either as Matron, Housekeeper, Nursery Governess, or Nurse for Children out of arms. No objection to go Up-country. Address "No. 365," care of this Office.

ORNAMENT FOR DRAWING-ROOM.—English-made CHIMING CLOCKS in handsomely decorated Mahogany and Gilt Cases; Chiming four Quarters an eight and Westminster Bells, and Striking hours on loud Gong.—CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, 42, Medows Street.

TAILORING.—All Wool TWEED Suit, Rs. 25; Flannel Suit, Rs. 20; and Dress Suit, Silk Lining, Rs. 60 only.—BATLIBOI and VIRJEE, Opposite the Novelty, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—Grey Arab HORSE, 7 years, 14-2, broken to Saddle, carries a Lady. For particulars apply to Miss BAPTY, Pedder Road.

W. C. SMITH, HOUSE DECORATOR, 47, Meadow Street, Bombay.

W. C. SMITH, OIL and COLOR MERCHANT, All Colors Warranted, Bombay.

W. C. SMITH, Decorator, Importer of Blundell's Damp Proof Paint, Bombay.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, and at all Book-sellers and Railway Terminus.

TO LET.—A very large Upper-storied BUNGALOW at Byculla, with extensive Compound, at present used as the Freemason's Hall. Apply to R. H. JAL, near Methodist Church, Grant Road.

MADAME LENZ, Professor of Languages, from Paris, wishes to give LESSONS in French, German, English, Spanish, and Italian, under a short and practical method, either at Pupil's or own residence. An Evening Class from 9 to 10 P.M. Highest References. Apply to "N. B.," care of this Office.

POONA.—POONA HOTEL, Poona, is a First-class, Upper-storied, and most Comfortable Hotel in Poona. Rooms bright, airy, and commodious. Each family has a separate Sitting Room. Terms Moderate.

MATHERAN.—CLARENDON HOTEL, well known, most Central, very close to Public Offices is now OPEN to Visitors, who may rely on Mr. DE SOUZA'S well-served Table and arrangements.

ROYAL FAMILY HOTEL, POONA, near Railway Station. Good Table Excellent Management. Rooms Airy and Comfortable.

FORMS of POWER of ATTORNEY, Neatly printed. Price, 4 annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SAMALDAS COLLEGE, BHAVNAGAR.—THREE FELLOWSHIPS of the Value of Rs. 125, Rs. 100, and Rs. 75, per Mensem, having been sanctioned, Applications are invited from Graduates of the Bombay University. Candidates are requested to send in their Applications, together with Testimonials, before the 1st of November, to the SECRETARY of the Samaldas College Board.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the Pall Mall Budget size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage; English Subscription, Rs. 17 per year, including Postage.

FELIX CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing Confectioner, Importer of French, English and Italian Stores and Wines. Sweets and Chocolates fresh made always ready. Cakes of every description.—83, Meadows Street, Fort.

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SOLUTION of EXCHANGE PROBLEM, by Mr. VRILL. Price Re. 1; with postage Re. 1-1. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

THOUSANDS die by Snake-bites, but Thousands of Feverish Patients have been saved by BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS. Surgeon-Major A. S. G. Jayakar, Civil Surgeon, Muscat, says:—I have used Batliwala's Ague Mixture with success. Surgeon M. E. Reporter, 19th Regiment:—I have found Batliwala's Ague Mixture very efficacious, &c., &c. C. Greengrass Esq., Contractor, Tansa W. Works:—Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case. R. Crizzie, Esq., in charge Tunnels, Goilkara:—I consider it a marvel. Mrs. Temple, Bellary:—It is a sure cure for malarious fever. P. J. Daly, Esq., Chief Guard, S. M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drops. Send your orders to Dr H. L. BATLIWALA, Jadur, Bombay. May also be had of KEMP & Co.; PHILLIPS & Co.; and DANTRA & Co., at Re 1.

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THE BLUTHNER PIANOFORTES ARE THE MOST PERFECT PIANOS IN THE WORLD.

THESE Pianos are specially built to withstand the Climate of India, the wood used being solid and the most seasoned, while a solid Iron frame extends over the wrest block.

Though LOW PRICED, these HIGH-CLASS Instruments stand HIGHEST in the estimation o Western Civilization. The Factory is the largest in Europe, manufacturing no less than 3,000 Pianos every year, or one Piano in every working hour of the day.

These Pianos have also a grand reputation for EXCEPTIONAL SWEETNESS and RICHNESS of tone, their perfect and never-failing mechanism, delicacy of touch, and the length of time they keep in tune, which is twice or thrice as long as any other Pianos, is an important advantage to Mofussil residents.

JULIUS BLUTHNER is the "Holder of 15 Patents' and "Distinctions." Their Aliquot-Pianoforte has been patented throughout Europe and America.

Pianos by the above maker are received monthly by the SOLE AGENTS, and they are offered at Manufacturer's Prices "plus" freight.

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TEETH WITHOUT PLATES.

BY means of the Gold Bridge system we now insert Artificial Teeth without Plates, which take up no more room in the Mouth than natural Teeth, and are thoroughly Reliable and Serviceable.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per Annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.

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REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted. Passages engaged on best terms possible. Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels shipped or cleared, and orders for Stores and Regimental Requisites executed.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., BANKERS, MERCHANTS, AND EAST INDIA AGENTS. TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS, NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. C. TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "PULLICATE LONDON." A. B. C. CODE USED.

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The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, at Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take instructions for Clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

PIANOS. HARRISON & CO.'S IMPERIAL MODEL.

HEIGHT, 4 ft. 3½ in. WIDTH, 4 ft. 7 in

This Piano is specially suited for India.

PRICE: £25, Net Cash,

Usual shop price, £40.

Burr Walnut, Rosewood or Ebonized, Iron Frame, Full Trichord, Check Action, Three Compartment Top Door, with Burr Mouldings and Marqueterie Panels incised and gilded, Mouldings on Lockboard and Cheeks, Ivory Keys, Brass Pedals, Sconces.

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RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR CAPITALISTS.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT CAMATIPURA.

Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of Veerbaiji, widow of Shapurjee Sorabjee Narielwalla, Ardeseer Shapurjee Narielwalla, and Pestonjee Shapurjee Narielwalla, the Administratrix and Administrators of Shapurjee Sorabjee Narielwalla, deceased, the property hereunder described, on the Date below mentioned—

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 11th day of October, 1894 at 4 p.m.

2NDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, with the messuage, tenement, or godown, hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate and being in Bombay, on the east side of Northbrook Street, Camatipura, without the Fort, and in the registration sub-district of Bombay, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 3123, Collector's new Nos. 10018 and 10019, old Survery No. 467, and new Survey No. 5740, containing by admeasurement 387 1-9 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the east by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the west by the said Northbrook Street, on or towards the north by the property of Mitha Cowasjee, and on or towards the south by the property of Jafferji Tyebji, and which said godown and premises are assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Ward No. 391 and Street Nos. 271 and 275, and together with the said piece or parcel of land or ground are now in the occupation of the said Administratrix and Administrators of the said Shapurjee Sorabjee Narielwalla.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. Shamrao Pandurang, Attorney for the said Adminis'ratrix and Administrators, at his Office, Forbes Street, or to the Undersigned, at their Office, in Medows Street.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, October 11, 1894.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCT. 9.

REUTER'S London financial telegram of last evening reports Consols and Indian Sterling Loan unchanged at 101 3-8 and 109½, respectively. £100,000 in Gold was withdrawn from the Bank of England yesterday. 3½ per cent. Rupee Securities were 5-16 per cent. lower, at £57 5-16. The price of Bar Silver declined 1-8d., say to 29½d. per oz.; and in New York, the metal was 3-8 cent cheaper, at 63¾ cents per oz.; with demand Exchange on London ¼ cent higher, at 4·87¼ cents. The Exchange Banks' buying rate in London on India at 30 days' sight remained at 1s. 1 3-16. A decline of ¼ per cent. took place yesterday at 102; but Paris Exchange on London was unaltered, at fcs. 25·16.

Brown Rapeseed was quoted yesterday at 31s. per 416 lbs. sellers, April-May shipment, to Havre, Antwerp, and Dunkirk. Tone of the market dull.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet last evening; Surats quiet; and Arrivals steady; the day's Sales amounting to 10,000 bales, inclusive of 200 East Indians. Spot and Arrival prices were all unchanged. The day's Imports were 2,000 bales. The Manchester market was quiet but steady.

A decline of 1-16 cent took place in the price of ready Mid.-Uplands Cotton in New York yesterday, at 6¼ cent per lb.; but Futures for January were unchanged at 6·05 cents per lb. The Receipts of the U. S. Ports were 62,000 bales; and the figures for the new crop now give the following comparison with those of the two preceding years:—

	1894.	1893.	1892.
Tuesday's Receipts.....	62,000	54,000	57,000
Three days' do.	175,000	144,000	141,000
Since 1st ultimo	878,000	705,000	733,000

Locally, Cotton has been quiet to-day with a small business passing; but prices are all unchanged. Exporters have bought nothing whatever, and the Mills have taken only 1,050 bales, consisting of 350 Khangaum, at Rs. 150¼-61; 200 Broach, at Rs. 182; 150 each of Bijapore, at Rs. 153; and Bengal, at Rs. 134-45; and 100 each of Pachora, at Rs. 142; and Jalgaum, at Rs. 141 per candy.

WHEAT has remained a dull market, with very little business doing by shippers; but prices show no further change in any description.

SEEDS.—There has been a decline of half an anna per cwt. in *Linseed* to-day, at Rs. 7-15-6 to Rs. 8-1-0 per cwt; but other kinds show no change in value, the tone of the market having been quiet, and business upon a small scale.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton.....	83	bales.
Wheat.....	5,756	cwts.
Linseed.....	846	,,
Rapeseed.....	693	,,
Gingelly.....	1,598	,,
Groundnuts.....	1,010	,,
Castorseed.....	3,050	,,
Rice.....	997	,,

FREIGHTS.—The market has been quiet to-day, at previous quotations; but we have no fresh business to report.

EXCHANGE re-opened with a weak feeling this morning after the holiday, at 1s. 1 3/8d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 1½ to 7-16d. for three months' sight Credits. A fair enquiry, however, setting in for Bank remittance, all round, at our quotations given above, rates temporarily receded to 1s. 1 5-16 d., at which transactions still took place; and for three months' sight Credits we heard of 1s. 1 7-16d. being done to a moderate extent; but this rate did not remain available, as re-sales then began to come out again, and were reported at 1s. 1 13-32d. Telegraphic, and 1s. 1 7-16d. Demand, at which they were still offering at the close. From Calcutta we hear that rates opened at 1s. 1 3/8d. for Telegraphic, and 1s. 1 5/8d. for six months' sight Credits, but receded to 1s. 1 5-16d. and 1s. 1¼d., respectively, in sympathy with this market, recovering before the close, as was the case here, our rates leaving off firm, as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 1 3-8d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic...	1s. 1 11-32d. to 3-8d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 1 13-32d.	,,
Credits do. ...	1s. 1 15-32d. to ½d.	,,
Francs do. ...	1·41¼ to 1·42.	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER re-opened at 103 7-16 for 3½ per Cents for cash, and 103½ for the next settlement; but afterwards rates receded to 103 7-16 and 103 5-16 in the two positions, respectively, in a quiet market, more than recovering the fall, however, before the close, and leaving off at 103½ for Money, and 103 3-8 for Account.

SHARES have remained very quiet, and generally steady, the only changes being in Mill Scrip, and in buyers' favour, at a decline of Rs. 40 in Queen; of Rs. 25 in Western India; of Rs. 20 in Jivraz Balloo; and of Rs. 5 each in Coorla, and Luckmidas at our revised quotations.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, OCT. 9.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollera	2 11-16
The Manchester market has been quiet but steady.	
2½ per cent. Consols	101 3-8
3 per cent. Rentes	102
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	109½
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper.....	57 5-16
Bar Silver	29½

The sum of about £100,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

PALANPUR-DEESA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th September, 1894, on 17·28 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts	Other Earnings (estimated).	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	500	200	....	700
Or per mile of Railway	29	12	.....	41
For previous 10 weeks of half-year.	3,756	1,469	49	5,274
Total for 11 weeks...	4,256	1,669	49	5,974
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	....	....	....	....
Per mile of Ry do.	....	....	....	....
Total to corresponding date do.	....	....	....	....

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

(Open 1,490 Miles.)

The following is the statement of traffic for the week ending 22nd September, 1894:—

	Coaching Traffic.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.	Other Earnings (Estimated)	Total Earnings.
	Receipts.	Receipts.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total ..	1,40,667	2,43,731	5,177	3,89,035
Corresponding Week last year. Open 1,490 Miles..	—	—	—	4,84,558
Decrease				Rs. 95,523

I. M. RAILWAY.

(Week ending 29th Sept. 1894.)

Description.	1894.	1893.	Inc. for the week	Dec. for the week	Aggregate Inc.	Aggregate Dec.
Miles Open ..	752	752	..	..	..	..
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Passengers,	27,415	30,879	...	3,464	...	41,186
Parcels, &c.	72,557	34,657	37,900	...	2,46,592	...
Goods	5,769	9,493	..	3,724	...	5,141
Other earnings						
Total for week	1,05,741	75,029	30,712	...	..	...
Aggregate ..	10,86,581	8,86,316	...	...	2,93,265	...

THERMOMETER READINGS.

TUESDAY NIGHT, OCTOBER 9.

10 p.m. ...	82·0
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10.	
6 a.m. ...	78·9
10 a.m. ...	84·0
2 p.m. ...	85·6
6 p.m. ...	84·0

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

JAMES—October 7, at Vepery, the wife of Mr F R James, P W D Secretariat, and daughter of the late Mr B C Dumphy, of a son

INNES—October 7, at Madras, the wife of James Innes, of Cocoanada, of a son

DEATH.

SHARROCK—October 5, at Trichinopoly, Gwendolen Ida Mary, daughter of the Rev J A Sharrock, Cuddalore, aged 15 months

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1894.

THE *Asiatic Quarterly Review*, true to the catholic spirit with which it has invariably been conducted, in the October number contains no less than six articles dealing with the problems presented by the Chino-Japanese war. The most interesting contributions are undoubtedly "The Chinese View," and "Korean Affairs, a Japanese View," by Consul G. Hayashi. The first of these articles is by an anonymous Chinese official, and is deserving of separate notice. The writer speaks with great frankness, but seems to have some qualms of conscience in following recent departures from ordinary usage by 'explaining, or worse still justifying, Chinese policy to foreigners." But under the assured conviction that his identity is not likely to be discovered, he freely expresses his views "in the hope that they may throw some light on the present complications." Reading between the lines it is not difficult to see that this servant of the Yaymen, despite his frequent reference to China's latent belligerent strength, is also animated by another hope—that either by an agreement with Japan, or by the intervention of the Powers, peace will be proclaimed. His first appeal is to statesmen of Tokio, who are told that the proper course for all Oriental countries to follow is to unite against all foreign encroachments. He tells them that "it would be better for China and Japan to be firm allies than to weaken themselves for the advantage of either England or Russia." The Peace Society will be pained to learn from this foreign source that hostilities in the Far East would have ceased, but for the octogenarian statesman who is generally supposed to be spending his retirement in the innocent task of writing theological essays. We learn that Lord Rosebery was at first a staunch supporter of China, against the sudden, though well prepared aggression of Japan. But, alas, his attitude was changed by "a hint" from Mr. Gladstone, and "he who with one word to Japan, that Lord Salisbury would certainly have uttered, would have prevented war, has entrenched himself behind a neutrality that will, of course, have to be broken when both China and Japan will have fought to the bitter end." The Chinese official has evidently not been made acquainted with the open secret that when Mr. Gladstone was Prime Minister, Lord Rosebery was practically left a free hand at the Foreign Office. The credit of the continued success of the foreign policy of Mr. Gladstone's Government was on all hands ascribed to Lord Rosebery rather than to his aged leader, and now that Mr. Gladstone has left the political arena, it is very hard to believe that "a hint" from him has altered the policy of so independent a statesman as the present Prime Minister. Neither can we accept the opinion that Lord Salisbury, had he been in power, would have done otherwise than to "entrench himself behind a declaration of neutrality," until the necessity to do so arose. Great Britain is on friendly terms with both the belligerent powers, and it is to our best interest that these relations should be maintained. There is reason to believe that everything compatible with continued friendly intercourse with both China and Japan has been done by the British Government to terminate the sanguinary struggle in which those countries are involved.

The anonymous contributor to the Quarterly assigns as the cause of all the present evil the "foolish treaty" of 1885, in which, he bitterly adds, "the Viceroy Li-Hing-Chang, whom Europeans call the Chinese Bismarck, trifled with Chinese suzerainty in Korea for the shadow of the quasi-European so called national independence of a kingdom that is only happy in proportion as it can become more and more thoroughly Chinese." But how does the writer reconcile this view of the *sine qua non* of Korean happiness with the declaration made elsewhere in the very same paper, that the secret why Chinese rule is loved by the Koreans is that the suzerain power has interfered so little, and that at one time she made it penal for any Chinaman to cross her frontier into Korea? It would appear from these statements that while the Koreans are yearning deeply for assimilation to Chinese characteristics, in the study of those characteristics they are inclined to think that distance lends enchantment to the view. Further, this unknown official comes forward with the bold assertion that China's yoke is indeed light, and that "Upper Burma finds already that the little finger of the English presses more heavily on it in one short year than centuries of the whole body of China." The mere nominal suzerainty of China, however, did not prevent the heartless cruelties of King Theebaw, and the people of Upper Burma must be very hard to satisfy if in these peaceful days of British administration they are wishing for a return of the era when their lives and property were both at the mercy of rapacious plunderers. The Chinese apologist further tells us, "Siam regrets its emancipation from a paramount power whose mere name would have protected her in the hour of need. The Pamirs and adjoining countries mourn their ingratitude to good, if mighty Khetai." It must be somewhat humiliating for a servant of the Viceroy of Heaven to have to go through such a list of provinces no longer awed by the Chinese sceptre. Of course he has to find a reason for it all, and the one assigned is that the Chinese are a literary, and not a military, people. The Middle Kingdom is a great Empire in which peace and filial piety reign supreme, and "the one problem is not how to destroy quickest the enemies raised by one's greed." He sarcastically adds that in European estimation China would be the most civilized of nations if they had ever ready "vast armaments and armies, equipped with innumerable engines of murder, as also the wickedness and organization to use them on the smallest provocation." But the people of the Middle Kingdom care not for these things, and "countries large enough for huge European wars continually lopped off the great Chinese mass without causing the least emotion."

But let not the ambitious Japs from a knowledge of these things harbour the idea that the Court of Peking will ever submit to the "lopping off" of Korea. That country is too near the Chinese capital, and sentiments for this. Appearances may at present be against the Empire which is "the centre of the world's civilization," and which has been driven by "barbarians to subordinate laws to arms" But for all that, we are told that "Korea will be fought for with that never-ending persistence which restored Chinese authority in Yarkand and removed Ili and Urumtsi from the grasp of Russia." The writer admits, what is apparent to every one, that the Chinese have no wish to fight the Japanese, but the Japanese having "purchased murderous toys like Gatlings, like to play with them at the expense of Chinese lives. Having forsaken the chivalrous ancient custom of committing Harikari on themselves they must now shed the blood of others." If need be, however, China can afford to lose her ten thousands to the hundreds of Japan. The news from the front has not apparently led this official to take a gloomy view of the situation. On the contrary, he has no doubt that the Chinese Army will give a good account of itself. He regards the sinking of the Kowshing as a proof that the Chinese sailors are as brave as the soldiers, for they then preferred "death in the waves to life under the protection of the Naniwa." When taken in conjunction with the optimistic tone of the article generally, considerable significance attaches to the contributor's admission that in more than one province of the Middle Kingdom impatience of the Manchu dynasty is manifested. Europeans who have travelled in China seem to think, however, that it is not so much the ruling dynasty that causes dissatisfaction as the harsh oppressiveness of petty officials and provincial mandarins. The article conveys a warning to his Celestial Majesty that should he yield to the hitherto disdained Japanese, the end of the dynasty may be expected, after the country has passed through a period of disorder, in which among other results foreign commerce would be destroyed. The writer has some hard things to say regarding the "unpatriotic and puppet king of Korea, who is the only friend of the Japanese" in the Land of Morning Calm. "The Koreans love their supposed oppressors, the Chinese, and abhor their self-constituted deliverers the Japanese." It seems that what Europeans and the Japanese have regarded as revolutions in Korea have merely been "involuntary leave-taking on the part of any unpopular officials," as it is the traditional practice of the people to conduct a bad governor outside the district which he misrules This remarkable and ingenious article concludes with the assurance that if the Foreign powers wish to guarantee the independence of Korea against one another, and Japan is also sincere in that wish, China would be the last to object, provided Korea remained in the relation to the protecting paramount power, that her traditions, her own sentiments, and a complimentary tribute have indicated for ages. The article may be taken as fairly representative of Chinese opinion, and there is no doubt that China will only be too glad to bring hostilities to a conclusion if, as Reuter states, the Powers have decided to actively oppose any attempt to destroy the independence of Korea, by exercising the right of conquest.

THE scribes in Bombay were unusually prolific during the second quarter of this year, and the Registrar of Publications is much to be pitied if, as we are asked to believe, he reads them all through, for there were four hundred and fifty of them. What a delightful confusion of recollections he must have of their contents; how stories of love and suicide, history and medicine, must run riot with anti-cow-killing epistles and household cookery! The catalogue begins with a cyclist's handbook, and is followed by a book of instructions to Artillery Volunteers, and then there is a dip into the history of Guzerat. The first dozen embraces science, a cipher code, an indication of the "Royal Road to Beauty," a handbook which the Registrar describes as a "very useful guide," the "Study of Vice," a "Guide-book for the Married and the Single," and Mr. Lala Baijnath's Travels—a goodly variety, each volume of which meets with Mr. Sathe's approval. A book by Principal Selby is also among the earlier publications of the quarter. It is entitled "What are we here for?" and Mr. Selby endeavours to solve this conundrum for the benefit of the college-students. It is a question to which most people would answer either "To qualify for a pension," or "To make a minimum five per cent.," if not "Give it up." They will be indebted to Principal Selby for his solution of the problem on behalf of one section of the community. His students are told anyhow that "one of the things we are here for is to work our way at least to a clear understanding of the higher problems of the speculative, the religious and the moral consciousness." It is evident, therefore, that Principal Selby in his work does not seek to carry his men beyond the college walls. We do not gather that he tells them how to turn these things into current coin of the realm or its equivalent in bread and butter or curry-bhat. But this is not always the aim of literature; nor should it be. There is a need for something to "refresh the mind of man after his studies or his usual pain," and in the catalogue there is an abundance of this pabulum. There is a lovetale of how a king and a princess suffered several miseries while they were accidentally separated from each other, before they were married and became happy. Another story describes the miseries suffered by a king on account of his losing his kingdom in gambling, the repentance felt by him afterwards, the miseries suffered by the queen, and the magnanimity she showed by saving the life of a person who intended to dishonour her. Then comes one from which a parallel may be drawn to the Madras Kissing Case, in which Mr. Jamnashanker Dayashankar Pandya tells how an otherwise wise and sagacious prince met with complete ruin on account of his desire about a beautiful-looking woman who had come to his house to sing garbas in praise of the goddess Amba. The woman happened to be the goddess herself, and cursed the prince. There was no *Pioneer* in those days to raise a subscription for him and place his case before the public, and the unfortunate man's ruin was complete and the woman's curse irrevocable. Mr. Manilal Lallubhai writes in the same strain, but he deals in wholesale heroism not retail, and tells how "a chaste and virtuous woman," known to her friends as Sati Charitra, punished no less than eight persons who tried to make love to her. Another literary gentleman condemns the practice of marrying a second wife during the lifetime of a first, but the work is dedicated to the Udichya Brahmans of Gujerat, and has of course no interest for European readers. If poetry be wanted, Mr. Bhagwandas Dewshibhai and Mr. Lallu Valyam Dholewala offer it. The former puts the lessons of the Madras case into verse, while the latter publishes some detached poems "on the benefits of some virtues and the evils of some vices," but has nothing to say as regards the balance, leaving it to the intelligence of the reader to deduce what pleases him as to the benefit of other vices and the evils of other virtues. Much is written about the sports of the god Krishna with the milkmaids of Gokul, and there is much to the same purpose, but it is well to pass some of them over as from the Registrar's epitomes they sound Zolaesque, and it is not our present object to encourage a study of the vernaculars. Let us rather commend Mr. John Malelu's one-anna "Christian tale in which an old man sorrowfully refers to the death of his grandchild Alice, and explains the glories of God," a work which may afford some information as to the whereabouts of that young lady so frequently enquired after in song. Or we may suggest an anonymous publication which gives the mode of worshipping the Goddess of Wealth on the day of Kojagiri in the lunar month of Ashwin, whenever that may be.

EARL GREY is a name with which English-speaking people have been familiar with for the last sixty years. For the peer, whose death is reported to-day, himself a prominent statesman, was the son of the premier of 1830-34, and the late earl had himself been associated with political life since 1826. He was born in 1802 and was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge. Four years after entering Parliament,—at the age of twenty-eight—then known as Lord Howick, he was appointed Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, next Under-Secretary of State for the Home Department, and afterwards Secretary of War. These posts he held successively until the change of Ministry in 1839. Lord Howick succeeded to the Grey title in 1845. Prior to this he had distinguished himself in the Commons in debate, and had made his mark in attacking the Peel Government's protective policy. When Lord John Russell formed his Cabinet Earl Grey became Secretary of State for the Colonies resigning with the Ministry in 1852. He was not included in the Coalition Cabinet, and since that time has not held office. He was against the declaration of war with Russia, holding peculiar views on the question, which he propounded in a memorable speech at the time. Though not afterwards taking a very active part in parliamentary politics, he frequently wrote in the *Times* on current political topics and published reviews of Lord Russell's Colonial policy and on "Parliamentary Government and Reform." The Grey family sprung from Sir John Grey of Berwick, whose eldest grandson in 1372 became Earl of Tankerville in

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CHINO-JAPANESE WAR.

THE REPORTED CAPTURE OF CHE-FOO DISCREDITED.

LONDON, Oct. 10.

The advices received here from China discredit the Yokohama report regarding the capture of Che-Foo by the Japanese fleet.

THE INTEGRITY OF KOREA.

There is reason to believe that the Powers have agreed to preserve the integrity of Korea, and will actively oppose any attempt on the part of Japan to exercise the right of conquest in the Peninsula.

THE CESAREWITCH STAKES.

The following is the result of the Cesarewitch Stakes run for to-day :—

Chaldwick	1
Callistrate	2
Shrine	3

THE DIFFICULTIES BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

STATEMENT BY A CABINET MINISTER.

The Right Hon. George J. Shaw-Lefevre, the First Commissioner of Works, with a seat in the Cabinet, speaking at Grimsby, yesterday, said that there were some slight difficulties between Great Britain and France, especially in connection with the partition of Africa by the European Powers, but he was confident that diplomacy will soon solve them.

DEATH OF EARL GREY.

The death is announced of Earl Grey.

DEATH OF A CRIMEAN VETERAN.

LONDON, Oct. 10.

Sir John Dugdale Astley, Bart., a Crimea veteran, is dead.

THE ILLNESS OF THE CZAR.

THE DISEASE INCURABLE.

The *Standard*, in its issue this morning, states that Professor Zakharin, the Russian physician, has informed the Czar that the disease from which his Imperial Majesty is suffering is incurable, and that he would only live for some months.

A BERLIN PHYSICIAN SUMMONED TO LIVADIA.

BERLIN, Oct. 10.

Professor Von Leyden, the well-known physician of this City, has been summoned to Livadia.

A JAPANESE INTERNAL LOAN.

TOKIO, Oct. 10.

The intention of the Japanese Government to get a foreign loan has been abandoned, and it is now Proposed to raise an internal loan of $50,000,000 instead of it.

MASSACRE AT DELAGOA BAY.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 9.

News received from Delagoa Bay states that several Europeans and friendly Kaffirs have been massacred by the rebels in the outskirts of Lorenzo Marquez.

THE GOVERNOR'S TOUR.

RECEPTION AT AKALKOT.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

AKALKOT, Oct. 10.

H. E. the Governor and Staff, accompanied by Mr. Winchester, arrived at Karabgaon Station this morning. His Excellency was well received by the Rajah on the platform, and shortly after drove to the guest house at Akalkot, where a large camp has been pitched, and several visitors visited his Excellency. This afternoon his Excellency holds a durbar at the palace, and afterwards lays the foundation-stone of a new fountain. At night there will be a display of fire-works in the city.

GENERAL BRACKENBURY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 10.

General Brackenbury leaves Simla on the 23rd October, and visits the following places in the Bombay Presidency :—Poona, Mahableshwar, Ahmednagar, and Nandgaon.

THE SUPREME LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

The following are the details for to-morrow's Council meeting :—General Brackenbury will move that the Bill to amend the Indian Articles of War be taken into consideration and passed ; the Hon'ble Sir A. Miller will move that nine amendments should be made, chiefly in technical matters relating to the wording of the various sections, the most important being that regimental court-martial may be appointed by the Officer commanding any corps, or department, or detachment thereof, or by any officer when in command of two or more corps, or detachments thereof. No amendments will be proposed before other Bills are passed.

THE WAZIRISTAN DELIMITATION ESCORT.

The Waziristan Delimitation Escort concentrates at Kajuri Kach, on the 18th instant. General Turner will leave on the 15th instant, arriving at Kajuri Kach on the morning of the 18th. The following are the troops detailed to concentrate :—The Sappers, 20th Punjab Infantry, 1st Punjab Cavalry, 11th Gurkhas, 3rd Sikh Infantry, and the Peshawar Mountain Battery.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 10.

Mr. Bruce, the Waziristan demarcation officer, has left Simla for Dera Ismail Khan after receiving final orders from the Government of India.

ARMY RE-ORGANISATION.

It is not intended to make any reduction of the army head-quarters staff, except in the clerical establishment, for one year, from the date on which the army re-organisation scheme comes into force.

FLOOD IN THE N.-W. PROVINCES.

Jaunpore and Azamgarh, in the North-West Provinces, are flooded, the river having overflowed its bund. The towns are completely under water-level, which is up to the terrible flood of 1891. Lucknow has been visited by another flood, but not of such a magaitude as that of last month.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, Oct. 9.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Pekin arrived here this afternoon.

SUEZ, Oct. 9.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Ceylon, from Colombo, arrived here this morning.

HONGKONG, Oct. 9.

The Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Vindobona, from Kobe, left for Bombay this afternoon.

SINGAPORE, Oct. 9.

The s. s. Manila (extra) arrived here yesterday morning.

COLOMBO, Oct, 8.

The s. s. Surat arrived here this afternoon.

Oct. 10.

Mail steamer Ballaarat, from Australia, arrived.

The Indian Troop Service Transport Dilwara, left Suez on the 8th instant, and may be expected in Bombay on the 18th instant.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Of the total amount of Government 4 per cent. paper, all but 698 lakhs have been accounted for as either actually converted or deposited for conversion ; but a considerable portion of this amount is believed to have been received, and not as yet reported. The intervention of holidays and the area over which the returns and the notes have to be collected, will prevent the completion of the figures for some time yet, as the biggest share of the outstandings is against mofussil Treasuries. It is worthy of note that although on the 30th July 212 lakhs of the 1842-43 loan were as yet unaccounted for, and shown as outstanding, the amount has since been reduced to only 109 lakhs. The same process of reduction will no doubt occur as the notes continue to be collected in the Public Debt Offices for the actual operation of conversion. A further notification has been issued offering to holders of the outstandings transfer to the 3½ per cent loan of 1893-94 on certain specified terms.

The list of Railway Surveys for the cold weather has been published. A detailed survey will be made from the Chambal river *via* Bandikui to Muttra under the direction of the Agent of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company : a detailed survey and location of the Kotri-Bohri chord line in the Indus Valley will also take place with Mr. Stent as engineer-in-chief ; a reconnaissance will be made of the Northern Bengal-Assam connection with the Hili-Kaligunge branch. The list also includes a detailed survey and location of the Saugor-Katni line with Mr. Hodges as engineer-in-chief ; a reconnaissance of the Najibabad-Kotdwara line under the direction of the Manager of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway ; a preliminary survey of the Khagiara-Katihar line by the Agent of the Bengal and North-Western Railway Company ; a reconaissance of the Kakla-Simla line by Mr. Gilchrist ; a detailed survey of the Vizianagram-Parvatipur line with a branch from Bobbili to Salar; a reconnaissance of the Burma connection, with an examination of the western slopes of the Aeng Pass, with Mr. Way as engineer-in-chief ; a detailed survey and location of the Shadipali-Balotra line by Mr. Gilchrist ; and a location of the Wazirabad-Lyallpur line by the Madras Railway Company.

In the prevailing uncertainty, not to say confusion, that exists as to the future of the Army Medical Staff, the officers of that service are still unable to make any forecast of what will happen in respect to the principal appointments in India next spring. If, as is rumoured, extensions are to be given only to enable Surgeon-Major-Generals to hold their appointments up to three years, and in no case after attaining the age of 62, then it would seem that the present head of the Department in India will be the first to have to retire, as he will complete three years in his post on the 10th March next. Surgeon-Major Warren P. M. O. in Bombay, stands next on the list : but he, even with an extension to the age of 62, could not hold Dr. Bradshaw's post for three years. The present P. M. O. of Madras, on the other hand, is eligible to serve until 1898 without an extension for age, and as he will be the senior Surgeon-Major General in the country when S. M .G. Warren would retire in the ordinary course in May next, it would seem that he must be the officer selected for Simla. On the other hand, by his transfer from Madras Dr. Walsh would have only held his present appointment for little over a year. If fear of change "perplexes monarchs," what must be its effects on P. M. O's ? A possible solution of the difficulty would be to send out Surgeon-Major-General Jameson from head-quarters at home when Dr. Bradshaw is retired. With an extension of seven months he could hold the appointment for his three years. This would prevent the present P. M. O. in Madras from being shifted, and it would have the advantage of bringing the inconvenience of these frequent moves prominently to the notice of those at Army Head-quarters.

The cricket season is now over with a match between Gentlemen and Players of the South, which ended in a draw. Some superb sport was witnessed by thousands at Lords. Abel was here making his third century in the match, and Brockwell was magnificent. G. Hearne returned to his old form. Hewitt was the most successful of the amateurs with 75. The second day the play was especially fine, the match being saved, 156 being put on for the loss of only one wicket ; and three centuries were scored in one match by Abel, Newham and Murdoch. The season is now ended with perhaps results not so brilliant as last year, when the weather was dry. This season the victories have been fairly divided between attack and defence. The bowlers' averages for each wicket taken are lower, so are the batsmen's for each innings. Brockwell and Abel held batting averages, the former with a total of 1,491 and an average of 38 odd ; Abel following close with 1,447 and an average of 34. Abel is warmly praised for his science and his variety of form, small as he is. Brockwell, on the other hand, is acknowledged the most attractive batsman perhaps in the world ; and Jackson, Stoddart, Brown, Gunn, Ward, Sugg and the evergreen W. G. also distinguished themselves. Bowling honours rest with the new lightning school, Richardson Mold, Lockwood and Hearne eclipsing Wainwright, Briggs and Peel. Lord Hawkes' first cricket match at New York after Hill of Cambridge scoring one short century, was forced to be abandoned owing to the continued bad weather.

The prospects of the mining in Mergui are improving. The number of registered miners has increased to 283 against 105 three years ago. The exports of tin from Mergui rose last year to 900 piculs, against 547 in 1890-91. The country in the neighbourhood of Maliwun has been examined by an Australian expert, an experienced Malay Peninsula prospector, and the manager of the Yelibu Mining Company at Singapore. The two latter examined the country chiefly as to alluvial mining and trading facilities. All three return at the end of the rains to prospect further inland.

Colonel Symons, who has been appointed to the command of the brigade, will not leave Simla for Dera Ismail Khan until next Saturday.

Mr. Bagley, Engineer-in-Chief of the Shan States Railway, which is to link Mandalay with the Kunlon ferry, has arrived in Simla, where he will submit the results of his latest surveys of the alignment.

Captain Bower, of the Intelligence Branch, will, it is understood, proceed shortly to China and join the head-quarters of the forces operating against the Japanese. The selection is an admirable one, as Captain Bower, during his journeys of exploration, has become familiarised with Chinese methods, and knows the natural character.

Mr. Warry, Chinese Adviser to the Burma Government ; Mr. Stirling, Assistant Superintendent of the Southern Shan States ; Colonel Woodthorpe, Superintendent, and Lieutenant Ryder, Assistant Superintendent, of the Topographical Survey, will join Mr. Scott shortly on the banks of the Mekong. These officers are deputed to represent the British Government on the Anglo-French Joint Commission to report on the delimitation of the frontier of the proposed buffer-State.

A Vienna telegram tells a shocking story of the death of a young lady while under hypnotic influence. While in a trance she was told that she was suffering from consumption. On hearing this she fell to the ground and could not be revived in spite of the efforts of a physician who was present.

The Russian Steam Navigation Company have abandoned all further attempts to find and raise the sunken mail steamer Vladimir, which lies about twenty-five fathoms deep in the neighbourhood of Tarkankhut, on the northern coast of the Crimea. The Company further surrenders the wreck and its contents to any private person or persons who may recover it. Messrs. Tumaeff and Tarenteeff, two wealthy naphtha merchants of Baku, who believe that the remains of their lost friends are still in the wreck, have now offered a reward of 10,000 roubles to any salvage company which will undertake the recovery of the sunken vessel, the wreck becoming the property of the salvors. If this offer be not taken up, Messrs. Tumaeff and Tarenteeff say they will fit out a salving expedition at their own cost, and in case of success they will dispose of the recovered steamer which is valued at 300,000 roubles for behoof of some public charity.

Some interesting experiments as to the visibility and audibility of torpedo boats at night have been made, a Liverpool Correspondent says, off Newport, U. S., by the torpedo boat Cushing, of the American Navy. The Cushing had been re-painted with a colour supposed to be least conspicuous. In the first experiment the Cushing steamed out from shore at night having a powerful search-light from the land directed upon her. At a distance of a thousand yards she passed out of sight of those on shore, and this although it was light enough for those on the Cushing herself to read. For the second experiment, which was to determine the distance at which the boat could be detected by the noise of her engines and swash of water from the propellers, the night was very favourable except for moonlight. The first thing observed was sparks from the funnel, and shortly afterwards the swash of water was heard. The search-light was then used, but it was several seconds before the boat was sighted, being then at a distance of 800 yards. The report upon the experiments observes : Eight hundred yards is the maximum torpedo range, and a speedy craft would make great progress inside of this before guns could be trained upon her; so it is still questionable whether the search-light is much of a safeguard against an attack from torpedo boats.

In a very short time the site of the old convict prison at Portsmouth will be handed over to the Admiralty for purposes of dockyard extension. These buildings held for several years about 1,300 prisoners, who were employed on the excavation of dry docks and other work in the yard, as well as in the construction of various buildings for the War Department. Convicts laying gravel on roads for a royal procession, as they did when the Royal Sovereign was floated out of dock and the Royal Arthur launched, will, however, be seen no more at Portsmouth. The last prisoners were removed from that convict prison at the end of July this year.

Land purchase is to be attempted on a large scale on the estates of the Duke of Sutherland. Crofter tenants in certain townships in the parishes of Kildonan, Clyne, Rogart, Lairg, Creich, or Dornoch, who wish to purchase their holdings either by one payment or by instalments extending over a term of years, at the option of the purchaser, will shortly have the opportunity given them of doing so. The Duke is willing to give similar facilities to other townships if the Crofters are at all anxious that he should do so.

Messrs. Macmillan have arranged ("The Athenæum" says) for the publication of a series of volumes dealing with various aspects of Jewish life and thought. The series will be entitled "The Jewish Library," and will be under the general editorship of Mr. Joseph Jacobs. Each volume will give in literary form the results of recent research by Jewish scholars here and abroad on points of Jewish history, life, and thought, which are likely to be of interest to the general public. Among the volumes already arranged for are "Aspects of Rabbinic Theology," by Mr. S. Schechter, Reader of Rabbinic in the University of Cambridge ; "Jewish Social Life in the Middle Ages," by Mr. Israel Abrahams, one of the editors of the "Jewish Quarterly Review ;" "The Return of the Jews to England," by Mr. Lucien Wolf, President of the Jewish Historical Society ; "The Jewish Prayer Book, its History and Relation to Christian Ritual," by the Rev. S. Singer; "Jewish Ethics," by the Rev. Morris Joseph; and "The Jewish Race, a Study in National Character," by the editor.

An Act passed by both Houses of the Victorian Legislature empowers the Commissioners of Savings Banks, if they think fit, to advance money upon the security of any agricultural or pastoral land, in order to assist farmers, graziers, or persons employed in agricultural or pastoral pursuits. The amount of the advance which may be so made on any land held in fee simple or under a lease from the Crown must not exceed one-half of the value of such land at the time of the advance ; and in the case of land which has acquired a special increase of value by reason of being cultivated as vineyards, hopgrounds, orchards, or fruit-growing plantations, or for other like purposes, only one-third of the actual value may be lent on the security of such land. It will not, however, be lawful for the Commissioners to advance to any one person or firm a greater sum than one thousand pounds altogether. The repayment of every advance under this Act, together with all interest and charges, will be secured by mortgage duly registered. Every such advance, with interest at the rate of five per cent., is to be repaid to the Commissioners by seventy-three half-yearly payments (all being of an equal amount except the last) or such lesser number as the Commissioners and the borrower may in each case agree upon.

The Paris illustrated papers (a Paris Correspondent says) are not agreed as to the room in which the Comte de Paris died and the furniture it contained. Some show him like a Russian Emperor, lying on a camp bed, and others in a four-poster with twisted columns. Similar discrepancies, it may be remembered, were to be found in the pictorial representations of the lying-in-state of M. Carnot at the Elysee.

All idea of sending the Anarchist prisoners in Italy to Africa has been given up, and at present a portion of the island of Ischia will be made a provisional residence for the Anarchists.

A sad sight was witnessed the other day on the banks of the Rhine, at Rheinbrohl. The bodies of three women, evidently sisters, were brought ashore, having been in the water some days. They had fashioned a band from the hems of their garments, and had bound themselves together, so that they should not be separated even in death. The eldest appeared to be between twenty and thirty years of age. Their dress was good, but of a homely description.

Another bull fight in M. Max Lebaudy's arena came off the other day. It was attended, a Paris Correspondent says, by a large audience, consisting chiefly of the gilded youth. The 'Francais' was represented by Mdlle. Marsy, while M. Maurice Bernhardt came in search of exciting impressions. The dresses were in the Longchamps style on a Grand Prix day. The amphitheatre was bright with bows and pennons of ribbons, and everyone was provided with a programme on orange satin. Jose Kinz and Raimundo Guintas, one dressed in green and gold and the other in red and gold, were the Toreadors, Emilio, Santo the Picador, and El Pito Andaluz and Lagrinma the Banderilleros. The bulls were splendid animals, but were rapidly covered with darts ornamented with black and orange ribbon streamers. Kinz killed one in a single stroke of his knife, but Guintas had to strike repeatedly.

A sensational story of an encounter with brigands comes from Greece. A public prosecutor and a judge had been collecting information respecting brigandage in the province of Phthiotis in Central Greece and were travelling to Lamia, escorted by two gendarmes, when they were surrounded by a band of brigands, at the head of whom was their notorious chief Papaky Ritsopolo, for whose capture the Government had offered a reward of 20,000 drachmae. Evidently the desperados were anxious to supplement the officials' information with experience. The public prosecutor and the judge were carried away prisoners, but were allowed to send a letter to the authorities of the province, demanding a ransom. The authorities sent 100 soldiers, who overtook the band. After a fierce fight they killed them all. The public prosecutor was killed by the brigands and the judge was wounded so severely that he died shortly afterwards. If the Government send bullets instead of silver the brigands will realise that kidnapping is unprofitable in Greece.

Captain Crioun, of the Vladimir, and Captain Pesce, of the Columbia—the Italian vessel which collided with and sunk the Russian steamer—are shortly to be put upon their trial for criminal neglect to rescue the passengers of the Vladimir. The trial of the whole case against the Russian Company is fixed for the 10th October, and will probably occupy about ten days. The damages claimed from the Russian owners amount to several millions of roubles. The loss of the Vladimir appears to have led to the disclosure of neglect on the part of the Company with regard to the life-saving equipments of their vessels. A special expert Commission from St. Petersburg has for some weeks past been making a thorough overhaul and technical revision of the fleet.

BOMBAY RUGBY TOURNAMENT.

SECOND ROUND—FIRST TIE.

WELSH VS. RANGERS.

It was generally expected that in the second match through which they had to fight their way in the struggle for the Cup, the Welsh would have rather an easier matter in disposing of their foes than they had in the battle with the Middlesex, but the anticipatiou did not prove quite correct. The Rangers played with great pluck and resolution, and with a little more tact would have gone nearer winning than they did. Their chief weakness was in the back division, and they also suffered much from the want of a captain able to direct their movements. Their forwards, however, played with close combination, their tackling being excellent. The Welsh were better trained and exhibited an all-round excellence against which individual good play was unavailing. There was an alteration in the team, Lieutenant Reddie taking the place of Foster among the ¾s. The passing and mutual backing up of their rear guard was especially noticeable in the second half, when the chief scoring was done. The Secunderabad men showed a superiority over their rivals at all points, especially in their staying power. It was a keen and interesting struggle from start to finish, the forwards of both sides bearing the heat and burthen of the day. At the start the Rangers flattered the hopes of their admirers, and all through the first period fairly held their own, the drop goal scored by the Welsh being due as much to good fortune as to good play. But in the second period their want of training began to tell its tale, and they could offer only a poor defence against the clever and concerted attack of their opponents. Winckler, Fido, and Kelly worked strenuously to turn the tide of victory, but to no purpose. Kelly in his position of half-back, in spite of a bad hurt received early in the fight, played one of the grandest games ever seen on the Cooperage, but he was fighting against tremendous odds, and it is no wonder that he failed. The match ended in favour of the Welsh by twelve points representing two goals, one placed and the other dropped, and one try to *nil*.

Cheyne kicked off for the Welsh, but the ball was smartly returned by Winckler. Play remained about the centre till Kelly forced it into the Welsh half, where Waller got rather a good chance for a run, but a bad pass which Winckler missed let Humphreys in, who kicked up to the five yards. The Rangers' forwards, however, drove their opponents back in good style, till a pick out of scrimmage gave the Welsh a free kick which Dalbier found too difficult to score with. Some good play by Winckler relieved the pressure, and the ball was again taken to the middle ground. Fast rough and tumble forward play ensued till Pritchard punted into touch. Shortly afterwards Dalbier tried a long drop, which however failed to come off. The Welsh still pressed, but could make no impression on the Rangers' defence. Emmanuel at last got an easy chance and dropped a goal. After the kick off the Rangers were again borne back and some fumbling by Waller and Reed enabled the Welsh to get dangerously near the home sticks, and things looked very bad for the Civilians, till Winckler kicking with great judgment gained a great lot of ground. From this to the end of the period the play was pretty equal.

Good re-started the play with a long kick into touch, but the ground thus gained was lost by indifferent play on the part of Waller. A nice passing run by the Welsh ¾s carried the ball to the Rangers' five yards, and the feeble resistance of Smith, who was playing back instead of Manly, enabled Cheyne to run in. Dalbier failed to convert, but a foul kick by Waller gave the Welsh back another free kick, which went wide. The combination of the Welsh, however, began to tell against the weak defence of the rear division of the Rangers, and Humphreys touched down in a good position and Dalbier shooting the goal easily. The civilians then played up and Winckler looked a bit dangerous, but Cheyne collared splendidly, and a grand run by Mahoney drove the Rangers' back to defend their keep. A punt by Richards made things look ugly, but a kick into touch by Humphreys gave the home team a little relief. Just before the whistle piped the cessation of the fight, Fido made the only run got by the Rangers during by the whole game. He was hustled out by Richards and the game ended in favour of the Welsh by 12 points to nil.

The following were the teams :—

Rangers F. C. Team.		Welsh Regt.
J. W. Manly	back	Pte Dalbier
J. E. Waller	¾	Lt Pritchard
H C W Fido	¾	Pte Avery
H. C. Winckler	¾	Pte Richards
T. J. Reed	¾	Lt Reddie
Geo. Kelly	½	Pte Scannell
J. Potts	½	Pte Mahony
J. E. P. White	forwards	Lt Humphreys
E. Good	forwards	Lt Cheyne (capt)
D. A. Thomson	forwards	Sergt Paish
J. W. Roberts	forwards	Pte Emmanuel
H. Peters	forwards	Pte Joseph
C. Aldridge	forwards	Pte Cullen
W. Sell	forwards	Pte Slaughan
D. M. Smith	forwards	Pte Sullivan

Won by the Welsh by 2 goals, 1 try, =12 points to *nil*.

DEPARTURE OE INDIAN TROOP SERVICE TRANSPORT VICTORIA.

The Indian Troop Service Transport Victoria, under the command of Captain W. D. G. Worcester, will sail to-day for England with Advance Squadron 2nd Dragoon Guards, consisting of five officers, one lady, one child, one hundred and thirty men, six women, and seventeen children for Egypt, and details consisting of 41 officers, 20 ladies, 13 children, 1,124 men, 44 women and 105 children, for home ; in all 46 officers, 21 ladies, 14 children, 1,254 men, 50 women, and 122 children. The following is the list of officers and their families :—

Brig-Surg-Lieut-Col and Mrs J Williams and three daughters, Med Staff
Lieut-Col H A Reid, 7th Hussars
Lieut-Col F J Harden, Bedford Regt
Surg-Major and Mrs I Bourger, Med Staff
Surg-Major and Mrs R W Barnes and child, Med Staff
Capt G S C Jenkinson, Derby Regt
Capt E D Mansel, Highland L I
Surg-Capt and Mrs G Scott, Med Staff
Capt G A Williams, I S Corps
Capt and Mrs J E Dewar and child, 2nd Dragn Guards
Capt G A Carleton, R Lanc Regt
Capt W M Doyne, 21st Hussars
Capt K M P Grant, East Surrey
Capt and Mrs A Banks, and 3 children, M W Dept
Capt H C F Scott, York L I
Lieut H W C Colquhoun, I S Corps
Lieut and Rdg Mr J Bevington, R A
Lieut J O'dara, 2nd Dragoon Guards
Lieut A F Magee, Leinster Regt
Lieut A K Armstrong, I S Corps
Lieut and Mrs I R B G Carter, I S Corps
Lieut and Qr-Mr J W Dwane, K R Rifles
Lieut D R Adye, I S Corps
Lieut J L H Gordon, I S Corps
Lieut J S Liddell, R E
Lieut R P R Glasgow, Durham L I
Lieut A Mears, I S Corps
Lieut G F R Forbes, R Irish Regt
Lieut J F Wolseley, Cheshire Regt
Surg-Lieut and Mrs G E Hughes, Med Staff
Lieut R S Hardman, R A
Lieut W E Oakshott, Lanc Fus
Lieut H W M Kenrick, 11th Hussars
Lieut R W Hunter Weston, Seaforth Highlanders
Lieut and Qr-Mr J Rorke, Welsh Regt
Lieut C Manley, Mis List
Lieut and Qr-Mr and Mrs T Humphreys, and 4 children, 5th Drag Gnards
2nd-Lieut N M Smyth, 2nd Dragn Guards
2nd-Lieut J Vaughan, 7th Hussars
2nd-Lieut F W Wormald, 7th Hussars
2nd-Lieut J D Reece, Rl Dublin Fus
2nd-Lieut F M'Crum, K R Rifles
2nd-Lieut F G Davey, 2nd Dragn Guards
2nd-Lieut A P Berthon, R Muns Fus
Wife of Lieut Sinclair, and child, R I Marine
Wife of Lieut R FitzDay, Welsh Regt
Wife and sister-in-law of Capt M T Shewen and 2 children, I S C
Widow and sister of Col J B Lawrence, and 3 children, I S Corps
Wife of Capt Stanley Smith, and child, R A
Wife of Capt R F R Formby, I S Corps

From Nicolaievsk, in the government of Samara, comes an almost incredible report of the wholesale murder of twenty-one harvestmen, but the "Samara Gazette" vouches for its authenticity. The twenty-one victims were harvest labourers employed by four neighbouring small proprietors. Owing to the scarcity of field labour this year the proprietors were compelled to pay from 8 to 20 roubles per dessiatine (about 2½ acres) for the cutting and garnering of their crops, the price increasing as the season advanced. In this instance, the labourers were paid in lump sums on the completion of their labour, and the money then in their possession aggregated a considerable amount. This appears to have aroused the cupidity of the four peasant proprietors, who, with some accomplices, murdered and robbed the labourers at night whilst the latter in a body were sleeping in the open.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDNAGAR, Oct. 8.

His Excellency accompanied by Mr. S. W. Edgerley, Private Secretary ; Col. J. Harris, Military Secretary; and Surgn.-Major Martin arrived here from Poona at an early hour this morning. At 7 o'clock he was met on the platform by Mr. Stewart, Judge ; Mr. Bagnell, Collector ; and Col. Garstin, Commanding the troops at Ahmednagar. A guard-of-honor of the Middlesex Regiment, under Major Blake, was drawn up on the platform, and the following officers and civil officials were presented to his Excellency :—Captain Sandwith, Commanding the 8th Native Infantry ; Surgeon-Lieut.-Colonel Barrow, P. M. O. ; Captain R. Betham, Station Staff Officer ; Captain Hussey, R. A. ; Lieut. Boger, R. A.; Mr. Hatherley, Executive Engineer ; Mr. Brooke, Assistant Collector ; and Mr. Kennedy, Superintendent of Police. After inspecting the guard-of-honor, his Excellency and Staff were driven by Veterinary Captain Morgan in a four-in-hand brake through the city to the Municipal Hall, where his Excellency on alighting was received by Mr. Nusserwanji Cursetji, President of the Municipality; Mr. Mulekar, Joint Sub-Judge; Mr. Joshi, City Magistrate ; and other native gentlemen ; and conducted to a chair at the end of the building, where the following address was read to his Excellency by the President, and afterwards presented enclosed in a handsome silver casket :—

May it please your Excellency,—We, the President and Members of the Municipality of Ahmednagar, beg to offer you, on behalf of the people of this city, our most hearty and respectful greetings on your visit to this place. We feel honoured that your Excellency has, before leaving these shores, afforded us an opportunity of personally approaching your Excellency with this humble expression of our gratitude and loyalty. We hope that your present visit, and possibly the last one, will prove to be a source of some good result to this city. The Harris Gymnasium attached to the Local City School, situated in the centre of the city, which has commemorated your Excellency's first visit to this city, has made a new departure in the curriculum of young students, fostering in them a taste for outdoor games. Your Excellency's second visit has made this City a permanent station for an annual horse and cattle show, and we trust that your Excellency's present visit will confer some additional boon on the people. Your Excellency's Government is well aware the deficient water-supply of this place. The Municipality is strenuously making efforts to remove this want, and, before long it is hoped that the City will be supplied with a pure and abundant supply of that most necessary element for human health and general cleanliness. The work, however, is one which finances of this Municipality, even with an additional burden of taxation, will hardly be able to cope with, unaided by Government. We hope this visit will enable your Excellency, after consultation with the civil and military authorities of the station, to take a favourable view of our intended proposal to ask for a loan from Government, when the question comes up for consideration. We extremely regret to have to observe that the relations between the two important communities—the Hindus and Mahomedans—have of late been a little strained in the Presidency. We trust that your Excellency's present tour through the Presidency will be availed of in giving a few words of sound advice to both the races. This will undoubtedly have the beneficial effect of uniting closer the two sections into friendship and fellow-feeling, and continuing the harmony and peace in which the people of diverse races have hitherto lived under the benign British rule. We may be permitted to observe that this Municipality has, through the favour of Government, long enjoyed the privilege of a non-official President from amongst the elected members, and we hope that your Excellency, before your departure, will confer on this Municipality the valued franchise of electing its own President. We further beg to express a hope that your Excellency's Government will satisfy the long-cherished and most legitimate aspiration of the Municipalities in the Central Division of sending a direct representative on your Excellency's Legislative Council. We take this opportunity to thank your Excellency for the invariable support and ready attention always given to proposals for increasing the grants on primary education. We feel glad to have to notice here that this Municipality devotes a large sum annually for educational purposes, 6 per cent. of its income being spent on primary education alone. We, therefore, hope that our claims for assistance from Government will always continue to be favourably supported. We cannot conclude this address without an expression of our good wishes for Lady Harris, who was required to go home earlier for the benefit of her health. We once more thank your Excellency for your visit to this place, and pray that health and strength may long be spared to you to use your Indian experience at home in the interest of this country.

Delivered under the common seal of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Ahmednagar, this the 8th day of October 1894.

Nusserwanjee Cursetjee, President,
On behalf of the Municipality of Ahmednagar.

THE GOVERNOR'S REPLY.

His Excellency in replying to the address of the Ahmednagar Municipality delivered by Khan Bahadur Nusservanji Cursetji thanked the city for its cordial welcome, and explained that he was making a tour of the Presidency Proper and Sind not for the purpose of making speeches but to say good-bye. He hoped he might regard it as a friendly good-bye to those with whom he was found to be associated in the administration of India, viz., the local officers and also to those whose affairs it had been his duty to look after for four and a half years. After alluding to matters of local interest such as facilities for outdoor exercise the election of the President of the Municipality the Horse Show, and the steps that are being taken to improve the water-supply his Excellency proceeded :—

There is a passage in your address, gentlemen, which refers to these deplorable religious disputes which have been disgracing the Deccan for the last twelve months. To my regret I have noticed that you have had some here, and that though you may be in a fair way towards settlement, you have not settled down into an amicable understanding. That is very lamentable and incapacity to manage your own affairs in that direction scarcely justifies the claims you have advanced for those larger privileges you have referred to in your address. Gentlemen, you have expressed a hope that this my third visit may result in some further boon descending on the city. Let me suggest that the greatest boon the Deccan could acquire just now would be a little common-sense. Government is being appealed to to make a pronouncement on this religious question as it faces us in the Deccan, a pronouncement which should have the effect of pacifying animosities : regardless of the fact that whilst there may be but one root to the dispute, viz., religion ; I don't say there is only one. I will commit myself no further than to say that for the sake of argument I will assume that religion is the only root of the evil. But whilst there may be only one root there are at least two main offshoots from that root, viz., (1) music in front of religious buildings ; (2) cow-killing. Now with the second we need not immediately concern ourselves. It has not been in this last year the exciting factor that music has been. That is the question which we are appealed to to make a pronouncement on and a settlement of. But the petitioners disregard the fact that the custom of almost every town differs as to several details, for instance as to the character of the music, i.e., loud or soft instruments, the number of religious buildings that have claims to be respected; the days on which and at what times music has been recognized as admissible if at all. Every one of these, though only matters of detail, have been conjured up of late by excited, if not malevolent people, into points of vital importance : and under those circumstances local inquiry in each case is necessary. A general order whilst suited possibly to the custom of this or that town would be quite certain to clash with the custom in others might be restrictive of long-enjoyed and unchallenged privileges ; and might positively do more harm than good. The fact is, gentlemen, these urgent supplicants for a settlement by Government would not be very sorry if Government did make such a slip as I have suggested. They would be very content too as long as the decision of Government coalesced with their particular views ; but their protests, and their misrepresentations would be even more violent, more intemperate, and more gross than they have latterly been if the decision of Government did not suit their fancy. They remind me of mob orators in England who talk of the mandate and the sovereign will of the people, and want their audience to believe that because they use or misuse a general term like "the people" that the general public is of the same way of political thought as the orator, as a fact we know that on most political subjects the general public is fairly evenly divided, and to talk as if political opinion at home was unanimous is quiet incorrect. So in this question in the Deccan there is an inherent division of opinion, if we are to judge by the events of the last year, and I can give you a practical illustration of the difficulties that would face Government, if it attempted to make a general ruling. Clearly we would only do so on reliable evidence of custom and practice. Well in the Yeola case we did our best to ascertain those antecedents. We obtained the opinions of all the old native officials whose personal acquaintance with Yeola was of some duration, and the result was most unsatisfactory. Almost all the Mahomedan officials alleged that one practice had been invariable and almost all the Hindu officials that the practice had been quite the reverse. The evidence was practically useless. The result was that we had for the sake of the peace of the town and the safety of its inhabitants to lay down very restrictive orders : which probably interfere far more with the local customs than would have any arrangements which the contending parties, if they had been actuated by common-sense, might have come to between each other. In our opinion it is not desirable for Government to step in except at the last resort : and for this reason. When Government does step in it does so because it is actuated by serious anxiety for the safety of the public and not by a consideration for the fancies of this or that clique : and when it does step in it does so with a very heavy foot : and in our opinion it is much better that in each unit where differences exist and where custom may differ from that of other units that local arrangements should become to by mutual agreement amongst the leading men with the help of the district officers. But there is one point on which it appears to be necessary that on behalf of Government I should make a very distant pronouncement. In one or two instances in the Deccan there have been indications of a deliberate intention to disobey the orders of the District Magistrate conveyed through the police. The police are bound to obey his orders, and the public must distinctly understand that it too has got to conform to those orders. If the orders are illegal resort can be had to the courts, if unnecessarily restrictive appeal can be made to Government ; but the orders must be obeyed until they are found to be illegal, or are reversed or modified. There is no occasion to pose as martyrs, because such strict compliance with the orders of the civil authority is insisted on. Religious disputes and police control are not peculiar to India. If you read the English papers you will know that Belfast and Eastbourne, and other places can give you opposite examples, and the rule that the civil authority must be obeyed until the law-courts hold its orders to have been illegal, or Government sees fit to modify them, is common to every nation and every community. I entirely hope that better counsels will prevail, and we shall have no more indications of an inclination to revolt against the authorities whose business it is at all hazards to preserve order. By degrees the future practice in each unit will be settled by the evidence of custom and by agreement ; but a general rule is no more possible at this moment for every unit in the Bombay Presidency than it would be for all India. The duty of the British Government is to maintain an attitude of the strictest impartiality in the matter of these disputes. It is being alleged by designing and unscrupulous persons that we have been and are partial to this or that side. It is a gross fabrication. We have been and are absolutely impartial ; and neither cajolery nor objurgation will move us from that attitude. We are not going to pass an opinion founded on irresponsible allegations ; we shall decide each case as it comes up to us on the fullest and most impartial evidence we can obtain. Now, gentlemen, let me through you beg the leading men of each community in the Deccan to exercise their influence and their common-sense. The real merits of such disputes are better known to the parties themselves than they can possibly be to Government or to anyone else. Reconciliation must be an easy matter, *if there is a genuine desire for it*, on the basis of a return by mutual consent to the relations and practices, which prevailed before these disputes assumed the aggressive form they have lately done, and permit me to suggest that a little generous emulation in making concessions, and avoiding occasions for offence in regard to minor points, as to which there may really be room for doubt, would secure a far more amicable settlement than any pronouncement that Government could, at this stage, and on such evidence as it shall make.

In conclusion, his Excellency thanked the Corporation for their kindly expression of goodwill, towards Lady Harris and himself, and wished the good City of Ahmednagar all prosperity.

On leaving the Municipal Hall his Excellency and party drove to the American Mission School, where he was received by Mr.

American tools and a few machines, such as two saw benches, a lathe, and a mortising machine.

On their return to the hall from the workshop, the girls had dispersed and the boys of the High School—about 300 in number—sang the National Anthem in English. His Excellency then made a brief speech expressing his very deep interest in the work of the American Marathi Mission, and, referring to the more public acknowledgment of his appreciation, which he had made on a previous occasion, said that his interest had deepened in the meantime, and he wished once more to state that the decision had put Government under obligations by the work they were doing, especially he might say on the present occasion, by their efforts in behalf of female education, in which cause none worked harder, and none had achieved greater, if as great, results. He asked to be introduced to Miss Nugent and Miss Stockbridge, the superintendents of the schools, which he had seen, and congratulated them most heartily on their successful work.

Cheers were then given for H. E. Lord Harris and the Empress of India, and the proceedings terminated.

THE GOVERNOR AT SHOLAPUR.

SHOLAPUR, OCT. 9.

His Excellency the Governor with the members of his Staff arrived here from Ahmednagar at 9-30 this morning. The following gentlemen were present at the station to receive him :—Mr. Winchester, Collector, Sholapur District ; Mr. Alcock, Judge, Sholapur District ; Colonel Cruickshank, Chief Engineer, Central Division ; Mr. Marston, Resident Engineer ; Rev. H. Powell, Railway Chaplain ; Mr. Cook, Superintendent of Police ; and Mr. Hodgson, Forest Officer. On leaving the station his Excellency drove to Mr. Winchester's bungalow, large crowds of natives lined the road, which was further decorated with flags and arches as far as the entrance to the Collector's residence. At 4 o'clock, his Excellency drove to the Municipal Buildings, where he was received by Mr. Marston, Vice-President of the Municipality, and Mr. Thanadar, Hoozoor Deputy Collector, and several other native gentlemen who were presented to his Excellency. Mr. Thanadar then read the following address to his Excellency :—

May it please your Excellency,—We, the President and Municipal Commissioners of Sholapur, beg leave to avail ourselves of the opportunity so happily afforded, to offer your Excellency a second time a most respectful and cordial welcome to Sholapur. This day is a general holiday, and it gives us the greatest pleasure to have amongst us, on so happy an occasion, the Head of the Government, a statesman so devoted to the best interests of the people committed to his care, whose solicitude for their welfare was shown especially during the year 1891-92 by the prompt and vigorous action taken to combat the effects of a wide-spread scarcity in a way which deserves the warmest gratitude of all classes of her Majesty's subjects on this side of India. The most important event during your lordship's term of office has been the passing of the Amended Indian Councils' Act of 1892, a Parliamentary Statute of great breadth and wide-reaching effect, which marks a decided advance in the application of liberal principles to the constitution of the government of this country ; and the cause of local self-government has been materially promoted and strengthened by the recognition generously accorded by your lordship's Government to the Municipalities of the Presidency, forming, under the executive rules framed to give effect to the Statute, a distinct and separate constituency for purposes of selective recommendation. It has, however, been a source of keen regret and disappointment to us to observe that for reasons which have been held sufficient by your Excellency's Government, the Municipal Corporations of the Central Division, including the Corporation of this city, with their important interests, are still left without their proper share in elective representation on the enlarged Legislative Council of the Presidency. We are not, however, without confident hopes, that when the time arrives for a revision of the rules on the subject and a redistribution of the elective franchise in the light of the practical experience of the working of the scheme, some arrangement may be devised by which both the Corporations and the District Boards of the Presidency may be admitted, each to its just share in the privilege of election to be exercised simultaneously or in some rotation. It is now close on ten years since we have been in the enjoyment of our extended privilege under the Amended District Municipal Act of 1884, and we feel that we are fairly entitled to claim that the Municipal interests of the city have in no way suffered in our hands. Our income has since increased from Rs. 1,33,839 in 1885-86 to Rs. 1,47,589 in 1893-94, and while exercising the strictest economy in the administration of the funds, we have been spending increasingly large amounts on education, sanitation, and conservancy, and public improvement. As regards education, our expenditure is now nearly Rs. 10,000, as against Rs. 7,108 in 1885-86, while the roll of boys in our Municipal primary schools is larger than ever, with an average attendance of over 1,000 scholars as compared with 717 in 1885-86. Similarly, with regard to sanitation and conservancy, we are making strenuous efforts, which, we hope, will in due course of time have the effect of materially improving the general health of the city. Our water-supply constitutes a heavy charge on our Municipal Budget, and we have been expending large amounts on the improvement of our water-works ; during the past two years alone we have had to spend over a lakh of rupees for this purpose. Such is our humble record of work during the past nine years, and trusting in your Lordship's indulgence, we encourage ourselves with the hope that it may not be deemed altogether unworthy of the confidence reposed in us by the liberal legislation of 1884 ; and in this connection, we have to state that our best thanks are due to the district and divisional authorities for their cordial and unvarying support. And, here, we respectfully beg leave to refer, as we were permitted to do on the occasion of your lordship's last visit, to a question concerning our privileges. This Corporation is still denied the valued right to elect its own President—a right accorded to Poona and other Municipal Bodies in the Presidency. If past work gives us any claim in this respect, we venture to avail ourselves of this opportunity to re-submit our prayer for the boon for your lordship's favourable consideration. We have gratefully to acknowledge the kindness with which your Excellency's Government has accorded a favourable consideration to our representations made to your lordship two years ago with regard to the inadequate accommodation afforded by the present high school building and asking that a new high school may be built, designed to accommodate 400 scholars. We understand that the scheme of the new high school building is still awaiting the final sanction of your Excellency's Government. We have only to express a hope that the requisite sanction for the same may be accorded at the earliest possible opportunity, and a budget provision made, even under the present circumstances of financial pressure, so as to remove the great inconvenience felt here in this connection. In conclusion, we desire to offer your lordship our most grateful thanks for coming again amongst us, and to express our deep loyalty and respect for your person as the worthy representative of our most Gracious Queen and Empress.

His Excellency, after referring to other matters of local interest, in reply, said :—

Gentlemen,—In your address you point to the work which your Municipal Corporation has done under the powers given it by the Act—an Act by the way which needs amendment in the opinion of the District Municipalities as well as of Government, in which I had hoped to have taken in hand by the introduction of an amending Act before I left Bombay. I fear that is impossible now, but I should hope that before I leave the final form of the amending Act will have been approved here, in all we shall need for its introduction into the Provincial Legislative Council will be the sanction of higher authority. With reference then to the work you have done you again ask that the privilege of electing your own president may be given you. Now, gentlemen, I will tell you at once that if that wish represented the approximately unanimous wish of the various sections into which your community is divided Government would not hesitate to grant the prayer. We have no particular wish to retain the power of appointing your president for you, very far from it ; but we have every right, indeed it is our duty, to see that the interests of no section are ignored, and that the conduct of your affairs shall not be interfered with by class differences. I have very considerable doubts whether the expressions of a wish which your address gives vent to faithfully reflects the feelings of your townspeople ; and on the other hand I know, or you know even better, that the selection of Mr. Marston has resulted in your receiving the assistance of a practical, energetic, clear-headed, and which is most important, absolutely impartial vice-president. Now, gentlemen, all you have got to do to secure this boon you say your desire is to convince the Collector that your community is really in earnest in wishing to elect its own president, and I don't think you'll find much hesitation on his part or that of Government in meeting you. I will pass now to a subject of wider public interest which you touch on in your address, viz., the manner in which the non-official additional members are selected for the Governor of Bombay's Council, and you complain that the Municipal Corporations of the Central Division are left without "their proper share in elective representation." In the first place, I am not sure that I know what you mean ; but if you mean what I think you intend to convey, then I don't agree with you. I don't know what you mean by "a proper share." If you wish people to understand that the municipalities of the Central Division have been given either under the Act or under the orders of the Governor-General some right to elective representation, then you are trying to convey an erroneous impression. You have been given no such right. In amending the Act the wish of H. M.'s Government was to enable the Governor-General to invite the opinions of the more important of the races, classes, institutions, or interests into which Indian society is divided as to fit in proper persons for himself and the Heads of Provincial Government to appoint to the Legislative Councils. This or that group of individuals, or of institutions, or of interests was in no way indicated as having any right. In distributing the limited number of seats to be filled by the above process we had owing to the exigencies of natural features of the country to form groups ; we could not help ourselves ; and we selected as eminently representative of the Deccan a group entitled the Sirdars of the Deccan, an order closely connected with the land, or of much older creation than municipalities. Because there was no room for the Municipalities or Local Boards or both of the Deccan you have chosen to consider yourselves aggrieved, and you now hint at the insinuation that you have been improperly deprived of a right, by saying that you have been left without your "proper share" in elective representation. But, gentlemen, whilst I deny that you have been deprived of any right, or that your interests are not adequately represented—I am sure you don't wish Mr. Setalwad to understand that you think that he is not capable of looking after the interests of the Deccan and Southern Division Municipalities as well as those of Guzerat. I can quite understand your appreciating the compliment of being able by some system of voting to ask the Governor to consider the fitness for his Council of this or that individual ; and I was and am sorry we were unable to pay you the compliment a year and a half ago. You go on to express a hope that when the time arrives for a revision of the rules you may receive your "just" share in the privilege of election. The expression "just" is of course erroneously used, but apart from that it seems to me that the present is a somewhat inappropriate time for the Municipalities of the Deccan generally to claim any additional privileges in a matter so important as the making of laws for the whole Bombay Presidency. Why the Deccan for a year past has been making itself a by-word throughout India for violence, disobedience, and inconsiderateness. In Sholapur you have managed your affairs discreetly I believe, but you must be well aware of the scenes of riot and sacrilege which have disgraced some of your neighbours. I am by no means sure that any question of revising the rules you refer to will come up in my time, but I fear I must tell you openly that, if it did, my personal opinion would not be in favour of enlarging the privilege already enjoyed by the Deccan. I am really sorry for this. I am quite aware that you are frequently told that I am unsympathetic. It is a charge that does not lie heavily on my conscience, for I realize that what is meant is that I have not been partial to the views of the particular section that makes the charge : it is indeed a compliment to what I have endeavoured to preserve amidst the storm of differing interests that surround a Government in India, viz., strict impartiality. No, gentlemen, believe me I am very fond of the Deccan : it is in my nature to become attached to the neighbourhood in which the people for whom I have to work : I am very fond of your plains and your rugged hills, and I respect the Mahrattas for having written a chapter in the history of India : and I am distressed that they should have done anything to bring discredit on the Central Division. But I must confess that I do not think this an appropriate time to approach Government with a prayer for that particular portion of the Presidency having an additional compliment paid it. All I can say to the Mahratta people with regard to it is that I hope by an early attention to a return to more orderly behaviour, to greater respect for other people's feelings, and by an assiduous cultivation of the quality of sympathy, which Government is accused of lacking, they may regain the estimation of Government.

His Excellency in conclusion thanked the Corporation for the cordial welcome they had given him and wished the town all prosperity.

At the conclusion there was the customary distribution of *pan-supari*, and the Governor and party subsequently drove out to open a new gymnasium, which through the energy of Messrs. Winchester and Duxbury has been erected on some vacant ground near the city. The proceedings were opened by a song of welcome by four small boys, after which his Excellency by declaring the ground open expressed his gratification at the enterprise, which had been shown in establishing the play-ground and the practical and economical manner in which the scheme had been carried out. A party of boys then gave an exhibition of wrestling, climbing and tumbling, while some sword dances were well-gone through by three or four men. During the entertainment Mrs. Alcock dispensed hospitality to all the visitors and residents in the station. After a display of fire-works his Excellency returned to the Collector's bungalow where a dinner party was given at night.

THE COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK, LD.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have read with some interest the particulars published in your issue, dated 5th instant, relative to an increase contemplated in the capital of the above Bank from ten to twenty-five lakhs of rupees, by creating 15,000 new shares of Rs. 100 each at a premium of 25 per cent.

The reasons for doing so, as set forth, are very cogent, the management, it is said, having had daily to refuse a considerable volume of first-class, short-date, well-secured business of a character and connection in every particular most desirable, and though the management has its *centre in Madras*, the business of the Bank, compared with that of other similar Banks in India, especially as regards deposits, is all that could be desired. But I would ask where are the capitalists and financiers who, if I remember right, some three or four years ago breathed a prospectus, which promised good things in a similar fashion for a *direct centre* of banking business in Bombay. ? Surely there are other influential capitalists than the distinguished gentlemen whose names are mentioned in connection with a local board in contemplation for Bombay, to work the enlarged business the above Bank has in view, and, I think, that there is much room in Bombay for a separate Bank on the principle of the Savings Bank, but allowing a little better interest and accepting small deposits, such as the exchange and local Banks refuse to receive, with some special facilities also for establishing a constituency with small traders, and in point of fact the *people*, and such a Bank is bound to succeed if established with a *direct* management in Bombay, *pari passu* with that of the Commercial, for both of which, I am sure, there would be full scope.—Yours, &c.,

October 10. CAPITALIST.

SAD DEATH OF A EUROPEAN LADY.

MR. ALLAN F. TURNER, the coroner, held an inquest last evening, at the St. George's Hospital, regarding the death of a European lady, named Margaret Scott. It appears that the deceased was travelling by the mail between Aboo and Ahmedabad on Monday, when the guard in charge of the train, observed one of the doors of a carriage open. He immediately stopped the train and on inquiry discovered the deceased lying unconscious on the line. She was then conveyed to the Mehsana Dispensary, where, shortly afterwards having recovered her consciousness, she proceeded on her journey, and arrived in Bombay yesterday morning. She was conveyed to the St. George's Hospital, where she succumbed to her injuries three hours after admission.

Dr. Collie, Resident Surgeon, said : I have looked at the body before the inquest, and identify it as that of the abovenamed deceased who was brought into the hospital this morning, about a quarter past 10 o'clock, by Dr. Mody, Railway Medical Officer at Ahmedabad, and police sepoy No. 260 of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Police. She was in an unconscious condition with a small wound of the scalp in the middle line and a large contusion of the right temple. Three of her ribs were fractured. Her temperature was 104·8°, which rapidly rose to 107·4°, before her death at 1-5 p.m., three hours after admission. She was unconscious on admission and could give no information, but Dr. Mody informed me that about 4-30 p.m., on Monday, the guard in charge of the mail train travelling between Aboo and Ahmedabad observed a carriage door open. He stopped the train, and after a search found deceased lying in an unconscious state on the line. She was brought to the Mehsana Dispensary, where, after two hours, she recovered consciousness. Yesterday afternoon she proceeded on her journey to Bombay, arriving here this morning. I am of opinion that death was due to fracture of the skull.

The inquest was then adjourned till 17th instant at the hospital.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

THE usual weekly meeting of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation, was held in the Municipal Hall yesterday afternoon, Mr. G. W. Roughton presiding. There were also present : Messrs. R. H. Vincent, S. Rebsch, Captain Walshe, the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram, Dr. Bhalchandra Krishna, the Hon. Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik, Messrs. Hurkisondas Narotumdas, K. M. Shroff, and Dr. A. G. Viegas.

ESTATE BROKERS *vs.* THE MUNICIPALITY.

Priority being given to the consideration of the fifteenth item on the agenda, the Committee discussed memorandum, dated 4th instant, to the Secretary, from the Acting Commissioner, forwarding letter, dated 4th idem, to himself, from the Municipal solicitors on the subject of the suit filed by Messrs. Cooverji Hirjee & Co. against the Corporation for the recovery of Rs. 14,949-12-5 and Rs. 3,462-7-9, being the respective amounts alleged to be due on account of brokerage in connection with the purchase of land from Bai Motlibai Wadia and Mr. M. C. Cama, stating that the Court has passed a decree in favour of the plaintiff for the full amount with costs of the suit and interest on judgment at 6 per cent. till day of payment.

The Hon. Mr. Javerilal proposed a motion asking the Acting Municipal Commissioner several questions on points concerning the claim.

Dr. Weir, the Acting Commissioner, said that the Municipal solicitors were at present not in a position to advise definitely whether or not the Municipality should file an appeal against the decision of Mr. Justice Starling. As he, Dr. Weir, was not personally acquainted with the facts of the case, the Committee would have to wait for the information asked for by Mr. Javerilal in his motion, until Mr. Acworth's return.

The Chairman was of opinion that to discuss the various points contained in the resolution was premature, and he advised the Committee to defer consideration until their solicitors advised definitely on the matter.

The Committee, approving of the Chairman's suggestion, a resolution was passed deferring the matter until the solicitors wrote as to the advisibility or otherwise of appealing against the decision.

IMPROVEMENT OF BARBER LANE.

A sub-committee, consisting of Mr. S. Rebsch, Dr. Cowasji Hormusji, and Mr. K. N. Shroff, was appointed to consider a letter from the Acting Commissioner, submitting for consideration of the Committee and the Corporation the question of the taking up of 26641 square yards, or thereabout, of land, together with building, standing thereon, for the improvement of Barber Lane, the property of Mr. Dadabhai Nowroji Davar, at a cost of Rs. 14,000.

THE BHULESHWAR MARKET.

The Committee considered letter to the Secretary, from the Acting Commissioner, requesting sanction to the acceptance by him of the offer of Messrs. Jehangir Hormusji and Co., for the purchase of the materials of the existing Bhuleshwar market for Rs. 5,000. Stating that the offer received at the auction sale was Rs. 4,650.

It was resolved to put up the materials for sale by auction again.

COLABA DRAINAGE.

The Acting Commissioner submitted the following report on the subject of the Colaba Drainage :—

With reference to the Standing Committee's resolution of the 12th ultimo, I have the honour to state that the construction of the drain referred to, was sanctioned by the Corporation under their resolution, dated 14th June last, on the conditions that the lessee, Haji Osman Haji Latiff of the Port Trust Land, through which this drain was to run should withdraw his reservation as to damages, or that the line of the drain should be changed so as to avoid the leasehold. The Drainage Engineer reported that the latter course was not possible, for if the drain were carried round the leasehold land the length of it would have to be considerably increased and the gradient would be greatly interfered with. Mr. Haji Osman Haji Latiff, the lessee of the land, was communicated with on the subject with a view to induce him to withdraw his reservation ; but he, in his reply addressed to the Drainage Engineer, declined to relieve the Municipality of the responsibility. He was again interviewed by the Drainage Engineer, but with no better results. Since the date of the above-quoted resolution of the Standing Committee, the Drainage Engineer again communicated with the lessee, and I enclose a copy of his reply, from which it will be seen that he repeats his previous objections and reservation. Under the circumstances, I regret that the work as sanctioned by the Corporation cannot be carried out. On one side is the damage—not probable—to property, and on the other side the public health—the health of the people of Colaba—Public Health *vs.* Public Money. As the resolution of the Corporation has been passed the nuisance in Colaba cannot even be abated.

It was resolved to ask the Drainage Engineer to report as to the nature of the risk referred to.

The Committee then adjourned.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY, Acting Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

AN APPEAL BY THE G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY ALLOWED.

RAISETT CHANDMULL HAMIRMULL AND ANOTHER *vs.* THE G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY.

Their lordships delivered Judgment in this case, which was an appeal from a decision of Mr. Justice Starling, delivered in favour of the plaintiffs, on the 7th August, 1893. The plaintiffs, carrying on business as shroffs, and commission agents, brought the suit to recover from the railway company Rs. 6,010 as compensation for the contents and value of a box delivered by plaintiffs to be carried from Byculla to Saugor, which had been wholly lost, and which was not carried and delivered by the defendants in accordance with their contract with the plaintiffs. Mr. Justice Starling found for the plaintiffs, and passed a decree for them for Rs. 7,290-1-1, being the aggregate of the sum claimed, and a further sum of Rs. 1,291-1-1, as damages for the non-delivery of the parcel, and as compensation for the breach of contract with cost of the suit. The railway company appealed from that Judgment. Mr. Inverarity and Mr. Scott, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Burder, Buckland, and Bayley, appeared for the plaintiffs and respondents ; and the Hon. Mr. Lang and Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Messrs. Little, Smith Nicholson, and Bowen, appeared for the appellants and defendants.

Mr. Justice Starling, in giving his decision in the case, said that the suit was brought to recover the value of a box of silver specie, alleged to have been delivered for carriage to Saugor, on the 3rd January, 1890, but which never reached its destination ; and upon the evidence his Lordship came to the conclusion that the box did contain Rs. 6,000 in silver coin. The box did not arrive at Saugor, but when the agent of the addressee went to the Saugor Station, on the morning of the 6th January, with the receipt, he was tendered a box packed in gunny with no seals on it, weighing only thirty-six seers, and which was afterwards discovered to contain nothing but a quantity of black cotton soil and two large iron hammer heads. His Lordship held that the suit having been brought within three years was in time. The defendants said that, as the contents of the box were silver coin, and it was sent uninsured, they were not liable for its loss under any circumstances. His Lordship was of opinion that the ordinary liability of railway companies in India was in January, 1890, that of bailees, and that they were bound to take as much care of goods delivered to them for carriage as a man of ordinary prudence would, under similar circumstances, take of his own goods of the same bulk, quality, and value as those delivered for carriage, and no more. His Lordship was of opinion that the defendants must stand or fall on the decision of the question, whether an increased charge is equivalent to insurance ; and his Lordship held it was not. As those who brought the parcel told the booking-clerk that it contained "chandi rokra," or silver coin, and paid an increased charge for it, his Lordship was of opinion that the defendants were liable for the non-delivery of the parcel unless they could show that they had taken that care of it which was required by Section 151 of the Contract Act. The booking-clerk was informed that the contents of the parcel were Rs. 6,000. After referring to the evidence, his Lordship said it was impossible to hold that the defendants had discharged the *onus* which lay upon them of showing that they had in respect of the parcel fulfilled the duties of a bailee as laid down in Section 151 of the Contract Act. His Lordship, therefore, passed a decree for the plaintiffs as mentioned above. It was urged on behalf of the defendants in the argument on the appeal that the Judge erred in holding that the delivery of the box for carriage from Bombay to Saugor was adequately proved, or that the suit was not barred by limitation. The judge ought to have held that the nature or value of the contents of the box was not declared by the respondents as required by Section 11 of Act 4 of 1879 of the Government of India ; and that no increased charge within the meaning of the section was accepted by the appellants in respect of the box.

Their lordships, on a consideration of all the evidence and the arguments of counsel, reversed Mr. Justice Starling's decision on the grounds that no increased charge was paid by the plaintiffs ; that there was no sufficient declaration and the company were not liable ; and moreover that the suit was barred. The suit was therefore dismissed with costs, the plaintiffs and respondents to pay the costs of the appeal.

INQUIRE FOR GAMES,—Artists' Colours, Household Requisites, Patent Medicines, Toilet Preparations and Articles, Invalids' Food, Sick Room Requirements, and other useful articles for personal use, &c., at MADON, SONS & Co., Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

NEW MARKETS FOR BANDRA.

THE inhabitants of the greater portion of Bandra, comprising the villages of Palli, Mallah, New Cantewady, Sherli, Rajanpakhady, and Chuim, as also the residents of Palli Hill, have long felt the want of a new market, and they have addressed the following memorial to the Bandra Municipality :—"We, the undersigned residents of the villages of Palli, Mallah, New Cantewady, Sherli, Rajanpakhady, Palli Hill, and Chuim take the liberty of addressing you the following for your consideration and early attention. It will be admitted, on all hands, that during the last decade the population of Bandra has increased to a very considerable extent, and that it will continue to do so as years roll by no one can gainsay. This vast growth of population must, of necessity, carry with it improvements in all directions in matters Municipal, and an improvement by way of new markets, for both fish and flesh, with an addition of a stall or two for vegetables, is, in our opinion, highly desirable ; indeed, it might be said, almost indispensable. The present markets are, comparatively speaking, insignificant for the wants of the dense masses, who resort to them, as a glance in the evening will show. Very often they are so crowded that it is almost dangerous to get into them, especially for the women. Apart from the above facts, the situation of the markets is another marked feature in the inconvenience for the major portion of Bandra in general, and the villages of Palli, Mallah, New Cantewady, Sherli, Rajanpakhady, Palli Hill, and Chuim in particular. The Municipal authorities do not require to be told that, with the exception of the European residents of the *Palli Hill*, we have no servants to the bazar, and even taking it for granted that we had servants, the distance and the time spent to and from the bazar (about an hour and a-half in some cases, and two hours and more than that in others) precludes us from obtaining our supplies of fish and meat fresh—which is so conducive and essential to health—so that we have invariably to content ourselves with the stale leavings of the previous evening. Under the above circumstances, we beg that you will be pleased to consider the utility of erecting new markets—say between Palli and Mallah—where they will be situated to the convenience of the villages of Palli, Mallah, New Cantewady, Sherli, Rajanpakhady, Palli Hill, and Chuim, and thus confer a lasting boon on the residents of the said villages. Allow us to add that the Municipality, while doing a great service, by the erection of the markets, to the abovementioned villages, will be creating a fruitful source of revenue to themselves. We conclude with the firm conviction that this will meet with that consideration which is due to the importance of the subject."

LYONS' OPERATIC BURLESQUE COMPANY.

THE Tivoli Theatre, last evening, was again well filled to witness "Miss Esmeralda," a capital bright little burlesque. The songs and dances with which the piece abounds were given in a crisp breezy manner that reflected great credit upon the performers. The dialogue too was very amusing. The different characters in the hands of Mr. Lyons' Company were exceedingly portrayed, all the members giving a large amount of attention to their parts, and a good all round performance was the result. Mr. George Dean is to be congratulated on the apt rebuke he administered to a rowdy occupant of the stalls, whose behaviour had been a source of annoyance to others for some time. "One fool at a time," demanded Mr. Dean, and the audience applauded vociferously. The "other fool" completely subsided. A similar reproof was merited by a party of officers whose conduct would have been unbecoming their subordinates in the gallery, but fortunately for them they were a nuisance only to the audience and not to the performers.

To-night, "Faust-up-to-Date," will, by desire, be repeated, and on Saturday the farewell performance will be given, "Little Cindy-up-too-late," being the programme chosen.

STREET REPAIRS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I understand that the season for repairing, &c., roads in Salsette concludes by the Diwali holidays. The work of repairing the Gorai-Borivli Road is progressing so slowly, that it will not be possible to have it put even in a tolerably fair condition by that time. I should, therefore, be much obliged to you if you would allow me the use of your columns to point out to the authorities concerned the desirability of increasing the speed so as to have the road repaired in time. I may be allowed to say that the road in question is a *kutcha* work. It would be advisable to have it well packed, firmly consolidated, the level raised, and the sides protected by pitching. It appears that the authorities have now perceived the need of metalling the road, but to render the work less subject to the wear and tear of traffic, the metalling must be efficient, and must extend throughout the length and breadth of the communication.—Yours, &c.,

J. A. D'SOUZA.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

THE Calcutta commercial correspondent of the *Pioneer* writes :—The most recent forecasts in regard to the amount of Government paper that will eventually be found outstanding, fix it at a very low figure, say from three to four crores. In its bearing on the money market this is important. It must also be remembered that in the amount apparently to be redeemed, a fair margin must be allowed for the lost, stolen and strayed. Out of a total of 95 or 96 crores being dealt with a certain number of notes are bound never to be presented for redemption, any more than they were for conversion. Insignificant, therefore, as the amount for redemption may at first sight appear, it is worth looking into the effect of even 3 crores of money being let loose in the concluding months of the year. In writing on the subject a few weeks ago, it was stated in this column that there were appearances of any plethora from such cause, being discounted well in advance of the dates for repayment, but there is reason now to modify that opinion in view of the almost abnormal cheapness of money in the three Presidencies and all over the country. The proceeds of such discharged notes must, for the time being at any rate, drift into the coffers of the custodians of money in the three Presidency towns, and so make the exchange banks for a while independent of Councils. The amount would roughly be equivalent to a six weeks' supply of Councils, and if, as feared, the banks did abstain from purchasing from the Secretary of State, and that official became determined not to get behind in his weekly sales, but forced his drafts on the ordinary buyers, the effect on exchange would be a tumble down—it could not be otherwise. Taking it as an axiom that in the interests of the State every thing must be done to maintain exchange at its present level, and even work it higher, it becomes a question of the first importance whether the Government would be acting wisely in discharging the paper not put in for conversion. A strict adherence to the terms of the several notifications would leave the Financial Department no alternative but to pay off, nevertheless it would not stultify the Government in the slightest degree to come out now with a notification offering holders of fours the reduced paper at a premium. Looking at the measure in every way it does not appear that there would be anything unfair in such procedure ; a certain number of people who were shut out of conversion, sold their Fours at par or better and reinvested in other ways, and would have no reasonable ground whatever on which to cavil at any fresh determination of the Government in this matter. It would perhaps be invidious to suggest here any given rate at which three and a halves might now be offered to holders of "unregenerated" Fours ; it should be a fair premium—not too far away from market price and not so close as to be uninviting. But, perhaps, in order to remove all possible dissatisfaction, real or imaginary, the best course would be to adhere strictly to the very letter of the several notifications, and summarily pay off all unconverted paper, at the same time coming out with a prospectus of a three crore loan at three and a-half per cent. to issue about the middle of December. Further, to pay off 3 or 4 crores and not substitute another loan in lieu, would be to argue that the finances of this country are so healthy as to justify the commencement in the reduction of its National Debt, but surely the most ardent admirer of the last budget and of subsequent legislation for keeping the ship afloat, will not go the length of saying that the position of affairs is such as to warrant even the smallest reduction in the rupee debt. To say that the public cash balances are abnormal, and could easily stand a drain of 3 or 4 crores is no answer, for the excess over the average amount might easily disappear in the course of a twelvemonth in some unforeseen extraordinary outlay ; in fact, with present complications in the Far East it would be wise to allow the sinews of war to remain filled to the brim. The writer has been at the trouble of gauging the views of a few of the best students of finance here on the subject of this paragraph, and they agree with him that an out and out discharge of unconverted paper would in the end prove a false economy.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

AN ALLEGED REPRESSIVE POLICY TOWARDS THE HINDUS.

It is generally believed throughtout the Decan, says the *Gu'erati*, that Government have adopted a repressive policy towards the Hindus who, it is said, are suspected of disloyal designs. We do not think the circumstances connected with the recent riots support the theory which, according to rumour, official imagination has evolved against the Hindus, nor are we prepared to accept the rumour in the absence of very strong evidence that Government believe in any such theory. When the Poona riots took place, the fighting took place between Mahomedans and Hindus alone, nor have the Hindus elsewhere done anything which proves that the present riots have a political and a religious origin. What political object is to be gained by scandalous and shameful disputes between Hindus and Mahomedans we cannot understand. To us the object and wisdom of such a suicidal procedure are altogether inconceivable. The only sure basis of all political movements in India is unity of feeling and community of interests, and whatever shakes that foundation and disturbs the harmonious relations of the two principal communities, is fatal to the progress of the country.

A MONOGRAPH ON THE LATE MR. JUSTICE TELANG.

The *Kaiser-i-Hind* discourses :—In the October number of the *Calcutta Review* there appears from the pen of a local student of history, Mr. Rustomji P. Karkaria, what purports to be a monograph on the late Mr. Justice K. T. Telang, but which in reality is a covert attack on the politics of new India—one of those attacks with which present-day Anglo-Indian journalism has made us so familiar as to evoke nothing but well merited contempt. Of the real life and teachings of Mr. Telang there is very little in it, and what little there is might be compressed in a page or two, when stripped of its pompous verbiage and its schoolboy rhetoric. Those who were most closely associated for many a year with that learned scholar and patriotic Indian in his public and private life, would be amused to learn what the writer has stated about his politics, specially his view on the National Congress. Mr. Karkaria's paper deserves praise so far, whatever the praise may be worth, that it is one of those showy papers ever written by any man on the wrong side of a question of which he was profoundly ignorant. If we do not err, he made his literary entry into our little Pedlington by writing out in the columns of a contemporary, who has taken extremely kind to him as a protege, a longish essay, covering many columns, on the so-called policy of preparedness of our Government on the N. W. frontier—a paper which those conversant with the true history of Central Asia, and the aggressive policy of the Simla hierarchy, had to laugh out as being nothing more than a schoolboy essay of portentous magnitude.

MUSIC IN THE STREETS.

The *Indian Spectator* observes :—The unsettled condition of the vexed question of music in streets is everyday getting more and more productive of mischief ; and peace-loving citizens may be pardoned if they find fault with the Government for its apathy in the matter. It is high time for Lord Harris and his colleagues to lay down definite rules for the guidance of the executive officers in settling disputes arising therefrom. It will not be gainsaid that different District officers are following different principles and causing discontent in one party or the other. The High Courts lay down the principle that music in streets is to be disallowed only when it disturbs religious congregations, assembled for and engaged in praying. This principle is followed strictly in some places by the police and the executive, as, for example, in Bombay. But the Collector of Khandeish casts it to the wind, and so apparently the police at Poona and Wai. Besides, the principle itself leaves unsettled many questions that have lately arisen in connection with the subject. For example, if religious congregations assemble at odd and unusual times, are they to be allowed to enforce silence in the streets at their sweet will ? So also, it is necessary to define what the music is which must be stopped. In Poona playing on a harmonium has been considered to be music and at Wai common cymbals. And yet we know that in streets, carriages, nay even pedestrians, make greater noise, at least, more disturbing noise than these. How peaceful would Dekkan be, if these and other questions were once definitely settled one way or other ? A final decision, authoritatively arrived at, would put an end to new pretensions and to unjust demands as also to unreasonable protests. The ferment now raging in this Presidency must somehow or other be put an end to, and the only way to accomplish this desirable result would seem to be for the Government to lay down definite and inflexible rules in the matter.

THE "INDIAN PROBLEM."

Says the *Kaiser-i-Hind* :—The "Indian Problem" is just one of those papers which one should expect from a brummagem politician. We neither praise it nor decry it. We simply treat it as so much waste paper. Its character may be described in three simple words. "Hollow and superficial." And as nothing that is hollow and superficial can be swallowed by us, we entirely shrink from the task of wasting our brains and energy over the memorandum. A more flimsy hash we have seldom seen or read. And in our opinion Mr. Malabari has distinctly diminished his reputation for sincerity by the production of such miserable stuff. We observed last week that Mr. Malabari is not a politician in the true sense of that word. At the best he is a holiday politician. We are sure those who have intimately known and associated with him, specially those who, unlike him, have taken a leading and active part in the political affairs of this official-ridden country, will not but admit the absolute accuracy of our statement.

ANOTHER PARSEE CANDIDATE FOR PARLIAMENT.

The *Gujerati* remarks :—When Mr. Bhownuggree's candidature was announced, we did not like to say anything about it. Now that an unscrupulous attempt is being made in certain quarters to extol him to the heavens as the accredited representative of the conservative gentry and nobility of India, and of her conservative millions, and to depreciate Mr. Dadabhoi Nowrojee, we think it necessary to speak out our mind. What services has Mr. Bhownuggree hitherto done to India compared to the patriotic self-sacrifices of the venerable Parsee ? We are sorry to have to speak of both in the same breath. There is absolutely no comparison between the two. As a minister of the Thakur Sahib of Bhownagar he has been specially conspicuous by his presence in London where he has not been quite reluctant to coquet with the fashionable nobility. It would not be altogether incorrect to say that it is Bhownagar that has made Mr. Bhownuggree what he is, and outside its limits his influence is nil and his reputation as a public man or successful administrator has yet to be established. Mr. Dadabhai's name is a household word in the true sense of the term, and it is a gross preversion of facts to denounce him as an ignoramus and to hold up Mr. Bhownuggree as the genuine representative of rural India.

The *Kaiser-i-Hind* descants :—Sir William Hunter is no doubt an excellent literary character, and we all admire his literary talents which have found vent in a variety of useful directions. But it is a matter of regret that he lacks the most essential qualification of impartiality. His writings on the politics of India are more or less tinged with official bias—the bane of the service to which he had the honour once to belong. We are not, therefore, surprised at the spirit of unfairness which Sir William Hunter has shown in his latest letter on "Indian Affairs," while speaking about the candidature of Mr. Bhownuggree as a possible member of the House of Commons. His contrast of this gentleman's experience of Indian matters with that of Mr. Dadabhoy is simply ridiculous. It displays woeful ignorance, which in a well informed person of the character of Sir William is astonishing. The allegation regarding Mr. Dadabhoy being not in touch with the people of India, and the other allegation, of a most libellous character, that the leading lights (we mean of the independent class) of the country have taken umbrage at his joining the Trafalgar Square agitation for the abolition of the House of Lords, are such palpable departures from truth that we cannot but condemn the writer who has given them such wide currency.

AN experiment on Lord Winchilsea's "Cable" farm has just decided the oft-mooted question whether or not the mummy wheat found in the Egyptian tombs really possesses the germ of life. A few months ago Lord Sheffield, on his return from Egypt, gave Lord Winchilsea a handful of wheat which he had himself taken from a sarcophagus containing a mummy. One hundred of these grains were carefully planted under a glass frame. The result was awaited with interest by those who knew of the experiment, but after some weeks the seeds were discovered to have rotted away.

REGARDING the statement from Lahore that tonga traffic has been stopped on the Srinagar road owing to an outbreak of rinderpest among the cattle in the Kashmir Valley, we learn that no serious interruption has occurred. Veterinary-Lieutenant Martin has been sent to Kohala to keep all suspected horned cattle in quarantine on that route, and also on the Garhi Habibullah road, until they can be passed free of disease. No ponies have been stopped working, and the traffic is now adjusting itself, so that visitors will be able to return to India without inconvenient delays.

EGYPT AND THE SOUDAN.

WAS THE SLAVERY TRIAL JUDICIOUS ?

THE court-martial in the girl slave-dealing case at Cairo has acquitted Wacyf Pasha and Shawarbi Pasha. Dr. Chaffey was sentenced to five months' hard labour, four of the dealers to eighteen months, and

WRITERS AND READERS.

MR. A TREVOR-BATTYE, whose enforced sojourn on the Arctic island of Kolguev is causing no little anxiety to the British and Russian Governments, and to his numerous friends, is a well-known writer on sport and ornithology, and is one of the chief contributors to a work shortly to be published by Messrs. Chapman and Hall, entitled A Year of Sport and Natural History. The book will be edited by Mr. Oswald Crawfurd.

The clever lady who employs the pseudonym of George Egerton is about to follow up her volume of Keynotes with one of Discords. The latter is a longer, and in a sense a more serious, collection of pieces of fiction than the former. Among the titles are Wedlock, Virgin Soil, Gone Under, Her Share, and A Psychological Moment. The work will form one volume of the Keynotes Series, published by Mr. John Lane.

Dr. Robertson Nicoll is to edit for Messrs. Hodder and Stoughton a Contemporary Writers Series, and the first volume, by Miss Annie Macdonell, will be on Mr. Thomas Hardy. The volumes of the series are meant to be introductions and companions to the works of the greater contemporary writers. They will give biographical and bibliographical facts, and a full critical study in each case, and they will be illustrated. Some of the chapters in Miss Macdonell's guide to Mr. Hardy are entitled, The Progress of a Novelist, Humourist Painter of Nature, and Wessex, and of Wessex there is to be a fuller map than has yet appeared.

Mr. Quiller Couch has made an anthology of English Lyrics from Surrey to Shirley, which Messrs. Methuen will publish. The Golden Pomp, which is the title, was obviously suggested by the Latin line, aurea pompa venit. Besides the ordinary edition, there will be forty copies on handmade paper and fifteen copies on Japanese paper. In addition to Mr. W. B. Yeats's Anthology of Irish Verse, Messrs. Methuen further announce an anthology of sacred verse, by Mr. H. C. Beeching. Mr. Baring-Gould and Mr. Fleetwood Sheppard have also arranged for the same publishers A Garland of Country Song, which consists of English folk-songs, with their traditional melodies.

In addition to the arrangements concerning the future of books in their present catalogue, Messrs. Elkin Mathews and John Lane have since concluded the following:—Mr. Mathews to publish those by Mr. Crossing, Mr. Stephen Coleridge, Mr. P. B. Marston, Mr. Percy Pinkerton, Mr. Roden Noel, Mr. Philip Schaff, and Mrs. Wynne, as well as The Hobby Horse, and Mr. Herbert Horne's Diversi Colores Series. Mr. Lane to publish those by Colonel Ian Hamilton, Mr. R. K. Leather, Mr. Theo. Marzials, and Mr. Beerbohm Tree, as well as the serial Oxford Characters, by Mr. Rothenstein. Both publishers have lengthy lists of novelties for the coming season.

The first complete edition of Tennyson in single volume form will be published by Messrs. Macmillan on Oct. 9. The previous collected edition in single volume, which appeared in 1888, did not contain Demeter, The Foresters, and other of Tennyson's later pieces. The present will be the thirteenth edition of the single-volume Tennyson published since 1884, when Messrs. Macmillan became the late Laureate's publishers. But the collected Tennyson had a long history before that, for its very first appearance was in 1848.

Messrs. Macmillan have arranged for the publication of a series of volumes dealing with various aspects of Jewish life and thought. The series will be entitled The Jewish Library, and will be under the general editorship of Mr. Joseph Jacobs. Each volume will give in literary form the results of recent research by Jewish scholars here and abroad on points of Jewish history, life, and thought which are likely to be of interest to the general public. Among the volumes already arranged for are:—Aspects of Rabbinic Theology, by Mr. S. Schechter, reader of Rabbinic in the University of Cambridge; Jewish Social Life in the Middle Ages, by Mr. Israel Abrahams, one of the editors of the "Jewish Quarterly Review"; The Return of the Jews to England, by Mr. Lucien Wolf, President of the Jewish Historical Society; The Jewish Prayer Book: its History and Relation to Christian Ritual, by the Rev. S. Singer; Jewish Ethics, by the Rev. Morris Joseph; The Jewish Race: a Study in National Character, by the Editor.

The early history of Balmoral, Her Majesty's Highland home, will be narrated in A History of the Valley of the Dee, which is to appear this autumn. The author, Dr. John Mackintosh, of Aberdeen, is a very remarkable man, and well known in the North for his History of Civilisation in Scotland and his other works. He has in very truth, a correspondent writes, cultivated literature on a little oatmeal. He had, and may have still, a small stationer's shop in his native town, and between serving customers he worked away on his histories. I can speak to the last point, because some years ago, while on a visit to Aberdeen, I had a chat with him across his counter. Dr. Mackintosh was given the honorary degree of Aberdeen University in recognition of his services to Scotch literature, and these he appears to go on increasing.

George Romney and His Art, by Mrs. Hilda Gamlin, which Messrs. Swan Sonnenschein have in preparation, will be ready almost immediately. The work was suggested by the remarkable group of Romney pictures that characterised the Fair Women Exhibition at the Grafton Gallery. The plates include a photogravure portrait of Romney, and a photogravure of Lady Hamilton as Circe. There are, besides, several pictures of Lady Hamilton, and it may be said generally of the plates, that most of them have been prepared direct from the original paintings. In the text Mrs. Gamlin deals fully with Romeny's life and works.

The Sherman Letters, the correspondence between General Sherman and his brother Senator Sherman, which Messrs. Sampson Low will publish, extend over the period 1837 to 1891. It is rather an unusual thing to find two brothers keeping up an uninterrupted correspondence from youth until age. The bulk of the letters to be given, however, refer to the time of the Civil War, and in that will lie the main interest of the work. Mrs. Sherman Thorndike, a daughter of General Sherman, has arranged the letters, and woven them together with explanatory comments. Portraits of General and Senator Sherman will be given.

The council of the Spenser Society have reluctantly been forced to the conclusion that the time has come for the Society to be dissolved, therefore the final report and balance-sheet has been issued, and nothing more will be printed except Mr. Oliver Elton's Estimate of Drayton. The Society was founded in 1867, in response to an inquiry from Dr. Furnivall why Manchester did nothing for early English literature. During the twenty-seven years of its existence it has issued fifty-three volumes, in many cases facsimiles. Of these, nineteen are devoted to the works of George Wither, and eight to the various writings of John Taylor, the Water Poet. Seven are by Drayton. Others are by John Heywood, Alexander Barclay, Thomas Watson, Clement Robinson, Timothy Kendall, John Bodenham, Thomas Churchyard, Francis Rous, Anthony Copley, Henry Willoby, and Thomas Bastard; and one is the anonymous zepheria. Spenser's Shepheardes Calendar, was issued to the members in 1888 as an extra volume. Surplus copies of most of these are still for sale.

Venice Depicted by Pen and Pencil is the title of a work which Messrs. Sampson Low announce for publication some time this side of Christmas. There are to be nearly 200 pictures by Ettore Tito and other noted Venetian artists. The text, however, which Mrs. Arthur Bell has adapted from the German of Henry Perl, will also be interesting. A limited number of copies in a supperior binding will appear at 32s., the price of the ordinary edition being 28s.

In regard to the spurious Scott MSS. which were recently before the public, it is interesting to hear of a long-hidden authentic specimen turning up, under rather peculiar circumstances. Some time ago a quantity of furniture was sent from Edinburgh to Hamilton, Canada, and later the lot was at the latter place sold by auction. A bureau contained a missive written by Sir Walter, from Castle-Street, Edinburgh, in 1820, which had been sent to a young author, giving him advice about publishing a book, as well as hints respecting entering the profession of authorship. The letter, which is now the property of the Hon. Judge Robertson, Cincinnati, has just been submitted to Mr. William Brown, an Edinburgh antiquarian expert, who pronounces it genuine.

Mr. Joseph Jacobs will publish six books during the coming autumn season. Two of these are children's books, the first being More Celtic Fairy Tales, which brings to a conclusion for the present the series of fairy tales of the British Empire which Mr. Jacobs has been publishing with Mr. Nutt. Like the preceding volumes of the series, this will be illustrated by Mr. J. D. Batten. The other children's book is a popular edition of Æsop's Fables, profusely illustrated by Mr. R. Heighway. This will be published by Messrs. Macmillan, uniform with the works illustrated by Mr. Hugh Thomson. A further volume of over 3,000 pages is devoted to an inquiry into the history of the Jews in Spain, containing a calendar of over 2,000 documents on this subject, investigated by Mr. Jacobs during a tour to the chief archives of Spain, undertaken for this purpose. Another volume will contain a number of studies on biblical archæology, which attracted some attention and caused some controversy when they originally appeared in the now defunct Archæological Review. In addition to these, Mr. Jacobs will edit, with an introduction, Meinhold's Amber Witch, a romance on which Auber's opera of the same name was founded. This will be illustrated by Mr. Philip Burne-Jones.

NOTICES.

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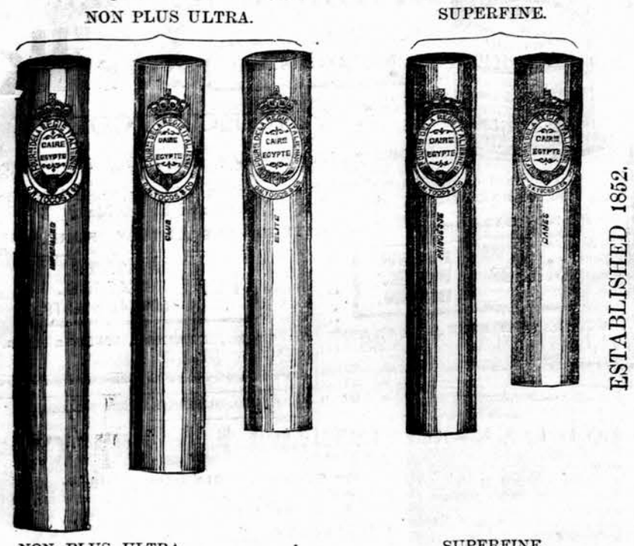

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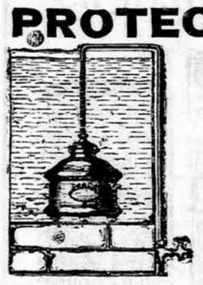

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